FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

VOL. II.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 25, 1833. [NO. 838.

UBLISHED, WEEKLY,
…rd J. Hale,
…m, if paid in advance;
…g the year of subscrip-
…t the end of the year.

…NTS inserted for sixty cents
…rst, & thirty cents for each
…n. Advertisers are request-
…er of insertions desired, or
…ied till forbid, and charged

…or must be post paid.

…ed, at this Office,
…CHARGE to the late Con-
… importance of Christian Ed-

…aved by Faith,"
… Rev. HENRY A. ROW-
…f the Presbyterian Church
…le by
E. J. HALE.

…ME.
…lacked Thomastown LIME,
…morrow, having arrived the
…tion and put on board the
…, for sale by
JAMES MARTINE.
37 3w.
…leigh Register.

…TATE …RTH CAROLINA,
…E COUNTY.
…Law, Spring Term, 1833.
…rs, } *Petition for Partition.*
…nd }
…ing }
…he satisfaction of the Court,
…one of the Defendants, is not
…ate—It is therefore ordered,
…ade as to him for six weeks,
…rver and Raleigh Star, that
… demur, or judgment pro
… against him. A true copy
…Bryde, Clerk of our said
…last Monday in February, A.
… of American Independence
JAS. McBRYDE.

…ATE… …RTH CAROLINA,
…E COUNTY.
…perior Court … …w, Spring Term, 1833.
…a Martin and …, } *Petition for Partition.*
…h'd McBryde and …t- }
…tomes surviving …rs }
…Wm. Martin …
…appearing …
…Atlas Jones …
…nt of this …
…lication to …
…Fayetteville …
…er and *Raleigh Star*, that he
…ur, to the said Petition, or
… will be taken against him
… Minutes.)
…BRYDE, Clerk of said Court
…nday in February, A. D. 1833,
…erican Independence.
JAMES McBRYDE.

…KE OUT
…d made his escape, with the
…tree attached to him, on last
…inst, in the neighborhood of
…12 miles east of Rockingham,
…large iron grey HORSE, a
…12 years old, about 16 hands
…long tail No other marks
… Any person finding said
…se, and return …am, or giving information
…that I get him … either to Mr. Francis T.
…k of Rocking… to myself, living in Fay-
…ville, shall be … ly rewarded for the same.
HENRY HORN.
…1833—37-tf

…AWAY
…om the Subscriber, living
…egro man named
…IEL,
…feet, 8 or 9 inches high,
…rge mouth, a tooth out of
…ch shows quite plain on o-
… quite large, rather polite,
…ge at the bottom. He was
… Buie of Moore County, in
…hborhood he has probably
… goes by the name of Daniel
…take up said negro and re-
…ge him in any jail, so that I
… liberally rewarded.
…ONSTANT JOHNSON.
26tf.

…ol Depository.
… just received a large as-
…chool Books,
…es of nearly every work is-
…an Sunday School Union.
…y low. Orders from Sunday
…ceived.
E. J. HALE.

…offee and Sugar.
…VED AND FOR SALE,
…nd Laguira COFFEE,
…rime New Orleans Molasses,
…ne Porto Rico do.
…mon quality do.
…d Porto Rico Sugar,
…n Hand—
…own SALT,
…rpool ground do.
…Liverpool do. in bulk,
…n ditto,
…ffee,
…Sugar,
…ils,
…redes Iron,
… and blistered Steel,
… Mackerel, Nos. 1, 2 & 3,
… Salmon, a good article,
…od Bacon
…her with other articles, too te
… make the Subscriber's assort-
…Liquors of all kinds excepted)
… of purchasers; they are invited
… them.
…LIAMSON WHITEHEAD.
28-tf.

NEW BOOKS.

ASMODEUS at large, by Bulwar; Robber of the Rhine; Journal of a Nobleman; Sicilian; Book of the 101; German Prince; Quakerism *not* Christianity; Christian Example; Life of John Jay; Pencil Sketches; Gleanings in Natural History; Indian Traits; Mrs. Morrell's Voyages; with a large supply of *School Books, Blank Books, Paper,* &c. received by
E. J. HALE.
June 10, 1833.

For Liverpool.

THE *new* and substantial ship ELIZA & SUSAN, Capt *John Huntington*, intended as a regular trader between this port and Liverpool, if encouraged by freights out and orders for merchandise from England back again.

This vessel was recently built here by Mr. John K. Mac Ilhenny, at great expense and of first rate materials, live oak and cedar timbers, being thoroughly copper fastened; her burthen 316 tons, and the whole workmanship second to none in this country. The riggers are now employed to finish her and it is intended that she shall be put in complete order as speedily as circumstances permit.

Naval Stores or other heavy goods will be taken in the lower hold and 4 to 500 bales of Cotton between decks, and will be ready to receive heavy cargo about the 15th inst. For such a vessel her draught of water will be easy and well suited *to this river*, 12 to 12½ feet with Cotton between decks, and consequently more despatch.

Should a suitable freight for Liverpool not offer seasonably, the ship will make a trip to New York or elsewhere, coastwise, taking such freight as will permit her to go out over *New Inlet* Bar.

For particulars and terms please apply to
ROBERT W. BROWN,
Wilmington, N. C.
June 3d, 1833. [26 3w.]

EDUCATION.

A School has been recently commenced at the Haywood Academy, in which will be taught all the branches preparatory to a Collegiate course. The patronage of parents and guardians is respectfully solicited. Price of tuition will be $12½ per session. Board can be had in respectable families for 6 dollars per month. The morals and general deportment of the boys that may be sent to this institution will be strictly attended to.
LEMUEL MURRAY.
Haywood, N. C., June 1. 1833. 36-3w.

WM. D. CLARK,

LATE from Virginia, having purchased the entire Stock of GOODS of Mr. A. W. Horton, will continue to transact a Dry Goods and Grocery Business, at the same stand, and flatters himself with the hope of having it in his power to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor him with their custom. In a short time he will receive a general supply of the various descriptions of Goods in the above line. He will also purchase and barter for all kinds of Country Produce, &c.

Mr A W Horton will attend to and transact my business during my absence.
WM. D. CLARK.
Fayetteville February 25. 22tf.

Sugar and Coffee.

Just received by Steamboat John Walker.
20 Hhds. SUGAR,
60 bags prime Coffee,
For sale by
THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

Just Receiving

BY STEAM BOAT HENRIETTA.
100 Hhds. MOLASSES,
20 bbls. SUGAR,
25 bags COFFEE,
20 drums FIGS, &c. &c., for sale by
THOS. SANDFORD, & CO
April 30. 30tf.

NEW STORE—NEW GOODS,

Cheap for Cash.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his frends and the public generally, that he has taken that old and well known Stand lately occupied by Mr. H L. Jones, at the corner of Market Square and Gillespie street, where may be found at all times, a general and well selected Stock of

Boots and Shoes,

Fresh and direct from the Manufactories, consisting of Ladies' and Gentlemen's, Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes of all kinds, selected particularly for the town trade, where Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. Country Merchants would also do well to call and examine before purchasing, as my Stock is all fresh and good, and prices much reduced. By strict attention to business, he hopes to merit a share of public patronage. My Stock consists in part, of the following viz.

Ladies fine prunella and seal skin Slips, seal skin Bootees, Morocco Bootees and walking Shoes, Misses' seal skin Bootees and Shoes.
Men's stout pegged Brogans,
Ditto ditto sewed ditto.
Ditto ditto ditto Shoes,
Ditto ditto pegged ditto,
Ditto fine calf sewed ditto,
Ditto ditto do do Shoetees,
Ditto fine calf sewed Boots,
Ditto ditto nailed ditto,
Ditto stout pegged ditto,
HATS—Men's and boys fine and wool Hats,
ALSO, an assortment of traveling Trunks & Bags,
FISH—A few boxes prime Cod Fish,
SOAP—50 boxes No. 1 bar Soap, a prime article,
A few boxes perfumed shaving ditto,
CARDS—Whittemore's No. 10 cotton Cards, and No. 6 wool,
ALSO, writing and letter Paper.
L. R. BRADLEY.
Fayetteville, March 2. 24tf.

Notice.

JUST RECEIVED PER STEAM BOAT HENRIETTA,
35 Hhds. prime Cuba MOLASSES,
20 Hhds. superior Porto Rico ditto,
And for sale by
JONES FULLER.
May 10, 1833. 32tf

FOR SALE.

40 CASKS Thomastown Lime in good order,
100 Kegs White Lead ground in Oil,
50 Hhds. Molasses.
J. HUSKE & SON.
May 12, 1833. 32tf.

FOR SALE,

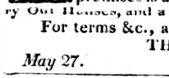
A Very neat Newark built **SULKEY,** up on Elliptic springs.
C. P. MALLETT.
May 6, 1833.

LAFAYETTE HOTEL.

Fayetteville, N. Carolina.

THE Subscriber has leased the New Building erected near the site of the old Lafayette Hotel, on Hay Street, and is now prepared to accommodate Boarders and Travellers. The House is commodious well ventilated and admirably adapted to the purpose for which it is intended. The Parlors are large, well furnished, and calculated for private families. The Stables, spacious, and shall be well provided.

The Subscriber feels thankful to his friends and the public for the patronage he has already received, and will endeavor by care and attention to the comfort of his guests, to merit and enjoy a continuation of the same. Cold and warm Baths attached to the Hotel, and *always* in readiness.



All the Stages arrive at and depart from the Hotel, where seats are secured.
J. W. COCHRAN.
June 1, 1833. 35tf.

SUGAR and MOLASSES.

10 Hhds. prime Brown SUGAR,
10 do do MOLASSES,
Just received by steam boat John Walker, and for sale by
HENRY HORN.
June 3, 1833. 35 6w.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

THE Brig FISHER, daily expected at Wilmington, and will sail in all this month, the bulk of 300 or 400 bales of Cotton will be taken at a reasonable rate, if application be made soon to
THOS. SANDFORD & CO.
June 4, 1833. 35-tf.

Hay Mount School.

THE Subscriber informs the public, that she has taken a house pleasantly situated on Hay Mount, where she will continue her School, and where she can accommodate six or eight Girls as boarders, and instruct them in all the plain and useful branches of education, together with Drawing, Painting and Needle Work. Those who may be desirous of learning Music and French will have an opportunity of doing so.

Terms for Board will be $100 a year, including washing. Terms of Tuition for Geography, Grammar, Arithmetic, Reading and Writing, $5 per quarter; those branches with History and Philosophy, $7; Painting and Needle Work, $7. Every attention will be paid to any who may be entrusted to her care.
A. E. UNTHANK.
Fayetteville, June 4, 1833. 35tf.

SUMMER RESIDENCE

FOR SALE,
Situated on Hay Mount, at present occupied by Mr. G Holmes, containing about four acres of Land. On the premises is a good Dwelling and necessary Out Houses, and a good Well of Water.
For terms &c., apply to
THOS. SANDFORD & CO.
May 27. 34tf.

NOTICE.

JUST RECEIVING BY STEAMER JOHN WALKER,
100 Hhds. prime MOLASSES,
For sale by
JONES FULLER.
May 21st, 1833. 33 tf.

LITERARY NOTICE.

THE Hon. George E. Badger will deliver the next Annual Address before the Literary Societies of the University, on Wednesday the 26th of June, the day preceding Commencement.
DIALECTIC SOCIETY.
March 27, 1833.

North Carolina Institute of Education.

THE Annual Meeting of the No. Carolina Institute of Education will take place on Tuesday the 25th of June, two days previous to the Commencement of the University. After which time, will be delivered the Annual Address and Lectures on the subjects appointed at the last meeting, viz:

Annual Address by JOSEPH A. HILL, Esq. of Wilmington. First Lecture, on Lyceums and Societies for the diffusion of useful knowledge, by JAMES D. JOHNSON, Esq. of Oxford. Second Lecture, on a System of Elementary Schools, for North Carolina, by the Hon. FREDERICK NASH, of Hillsborough. Third Lecture, on the Custom of exciting emulation in Literary Institutions by reward or punishment, by WALKER ANDERSON, Esq. of Hillsborough.

It is hoped and presumed, that the friends of Education generally, will attend and unite in supporting a cause of such vital importance to the State.

By order of the Executive Committee,
WALTER A. NORWOOD.
Recording Secretary
May 22, 1833.

☞ Editors friendly to the cause of Education throughout the State, are requested to insert the above as often as convenient before the meeting.

Notice.

A WHEEL WRIGHT, who understands the business of making common to fine stick Gigs, and is of steady industrious habits, and would wish either to locate himself or work Journey Work, would hear of a desirable situation or good wages, by inquiring of the POST MASTER,
Adamsville, So. Ca.
June 2, 1833. 35-4t.

Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, &c.

JUST RECEIVED,
105 Bags Rio and Laguyra COFFEE,
10 hhds. Molasses,
40 kegs Nails, assorted 4d @ 20d.
60 sets Wagon Boxes.
In Store,
Sugar, Salt, Iron, Steel, Castings,
Loaf and Lump Sugar, and Sirup,
35 boxes Fayetteville mould Candles,
Cotton Bagging, bale Rope, and Cotton Yarn,
2500 bushels of bread Corn, Oats, Flour & Bacon,
Pepper, Spice and Ginger.
Together with a number of other articles too tedious to enumerate; all of which will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce—by
HENRY HORN.
May 28. 34tf.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber, grateful for the encouragement he has received in his business, begs leave to inform his customers and friends, that he has just received a new supply of

Spring and Summer Goods,

CONSISTING IN PART OF
Blue, brown and olive CLOTHS,
Steel mixed, gray and striped Satinetts,
Brown Cassimeres, Pittsborough Cord,
Princettas and black Buckram,
Providence Stripe, cotton Cord,
Russia Drill, imitation Russia Sheeting,
Red Padding, Canvass, Buckram,
Vestings of various patterns,
Dark Erminetts, French Drilling,
Printed Muslins, Canary Prints,
Super light Chintz Prints, dark fancy do.
Book, Mull, and Swiss Muslins,
Sarsnetts, Sinchews, & bl'k & blue Gros-de-Naps,
Silk and Cotton Umbrellas,
Brown Shitting and Sheeting,
Bleached do do,
Ready made Vests, Pantaloons, and Round-abouts,
Domestic Plaids and Bed Ticking,
Pink, purple and brown Cambric,

Crockery, Glass Ware & China,

Paints and Dye Stuffs,

CONSISTING OF
White Lead in Oil,
Black do do,
Red Lead, and bright Varnish,
Copal and coach ditto,
Spanish Brown and Spanish White,
Copperas, Spanish Brown and Madder,
Roll Brimstone, and Verdigris,
Lamp Black and bl'k leather Varnish, &c.

HARDWARE, consisting of

Knives and Forks, pocket and pen Knives,
Trace Chains and Halters,
Scythe Blades, 48, 50 and 52 inches,
Hoes and Axes,
Nails, Curry Combs and Drawing Knives,
Tin Trunks, long and short handle Pans.

GROCERIES, consisting of

Coffee, Sugar and Teas,
Salt, Molasses, and Spirits Turpentine,
Chocolate, Spice, Pepper and Ginger,
Pearl Barley and Pearl Ash,
Saltpetre, Alum, and London Mustard,
Bacon, Flour, and Lard,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Wines, Rum, Brandy and Whiskey.

All of which will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce.

P S.—On hand, a general assortment of LEATHER, consisting of Soal, Upper, and Harness Leather, Calf and Kip Skins, which will be sold or exchanged for raw Hides, at fair prices.
JNO. C. LATTA.
Person street, 6th door East of Market Square.
April 18, 1833. 29tf.

New Store.

LEWIS & ROSS,

HAVE just opened, next door to Doct'r. Jordan's Drug Store (in Green Street, near Eccles' Bridge,) a new and splendid assortment of

Fancy and Staple

DRY GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING:
Rich fig'd Gros-de-Naps,
Coloured Florence Silks,
Blk and blue blk Marceline do,
Sinchews and Sarsnetts,
New style printed Muslins,
Do do Ginghams,
Calicoes of all kinds, some extra rich,
Crape Cambler, a superior article, for Gentlemen's Coats and Pantaloons,
Merino Cassimere,
Light Merseilles Vesting,
Rich fig'd Silk do,
Cambric Jackonet and Swiss Muslins,
Plaid and corded Cambrics,
New and splendid emb'd Crape dress Hdkffs,
Do do printed do do do,
Do do Gause do do do,
Do do 5-4 Crape Shawls,
Do do 5-4 Sewing Silk, do,
White and green Gause Veils,
Ladies' plain and fig'd border Hdkffs and Gentlemen's Silk do,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gloves,
Hosiery of all descriptions,
4-4 and 6-4 bed Tick,
3-4, 4-4 and 5-4 unbleached Muslins,
4-4 and 5-4 bleached do,
Domestic Stripes and Plaids,
Twilled do and Granderills,
Cotton and Madrass Hdkffs.

—ALSO—

Ladies' Leghorn and Dunstable Hats; Men's Palm leaf do; Combs of all sizes; Gentlemen's white and Blk Satin Beaver Hats; Ladies' Kid Morocco and Prunella Slippers; Gentlemen's Pumps and Calf Boots; Gentlemen's Stocks and Collars. *Also,* a few trunks SUMMER CLOTHING—in a word, all articles that are necessary to complete a good and desirable assortment of Goods—all of which will be sold at wholesale or retail at the lowest prices for *CASH.*

L. & R. will be constantly receiving additional supplies to their present stock, and hope by strict and persevering attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.
Fayetteville, April 7, 1833. §27-tf.§

Books and Stationary.

THE Subscriber is now receiving a large stock of Miscellaneous, Medical, Law, School, and Blank Books; Gilt and perfumed Letter and note Paper; Laid, vellum and plain Letter and Cap Papers, Fine Cutlery, Prints, Piano Music, &c. &c., selected by himself in New York and Philadelphia, which he will sell low; many articles he believes at a lower price than they can be had at any Book Store in the State. Country Merchants will be supplied at reasonable prices.

In offering to the public a larger stock of Books than has been seen in Fayetteville for many years, the subscriber confidently anticipates an increase of that liberal patronage which the public have extended to foster a respectable establishment of this kind in the chief commercial Town of North Carolina. No exertion will be spared to make it worthy of that patronage.
E. J. HALE.
April 8.

Notice.

JUST RECEIVED BY STEAM BOAT HENRIETTA,
15 Hhds. New Orleans SUGAR,
For sale by
JONES FULLER.
April 30, 1833. 30tf.

NEW BOOKS.

JUST Received, Tom Cringle's Log; Sarran's Lafayette; Lives of the Poets; Humourist's own Book; Eben Erskine; Romance of the Forest; Young Man's own Book; Mrs. Barbauld's Stories. Scientific Dialogues; Evenings at Home; Falconer's Shipwreck; Worcester's Geography and Atlas; Purify's Selection of Hymns, &c. &c.
E. J. HALE.
May 7, 1833.

Summer Clothing.

JUST received on consignment, by the Steamer John Walker, an assortment of light READY MADE *SUMMER CLOTHING*, and for sale cheap, by
L. R. BRADLEY.
May 28. 34tf.

WINE.

10 Quarter Casks sweet MALAGA, } WINE,
10 " " SHERRY, }
For sale by
AMOS KIMBALL.
May 28. 34tf.

The Circulating Library,

IS now arranged, and the public patronage solicited. It has been commenced upon a small scale, but it is intended to add to it, every new and interesting Work, as soon as possible after its appearance at the North.
E. J. HALE.
April 15.

OXEN for Sale.

THE Subscriber has for sale 4 pair of Oxen, well broke, and in good order.
M. McGARY.
May 20, 1833.

CHEAP PAPER,

For sale at the Fayetteville Book Store.

THE VICTIM.

And where is he?—not by her side,
Whose every want he loved to tend—
Not o'er those vallies wandering wide,
Where sweetly lost he oft would wend!
That form he loved, he marks no more,
Those scenes admired, no more she'll see,
Those scenes are lovely as before,
And she is fair—but where is he?

NEELE.

At the close of a tranquil day in the autumn of —, I ascended the gentle eminence which overlooks the pleasant village of W—, situated in one of the most delightful regions of Pennsylvania. I had accepted an invitation from my companion, a travelling artist—to accompany him on a pleasant tour, in search of health, which a residence in the city during the summer months had a little impaired. My friend gazed with all the admiration of a painter upon the prospects which lay spread out before us. The mountains which environed the little town, rose distinct in the distance—and a delicate blue haze, like the faintest tints of a finished picture, had gathered over their irregular undulations as they lay reposing in the mellow light which attends the gorgeous setting of an autumn sun.

The little village beneath our feet was surpassingly neat and beautiful. Pretty white dwellings, with pleasant enclosures were scattered along the broad street, and here & there arose a mansion, indicating by its outward resemblance of village splendor, the superior condition of its occupants. We alighted at the village inn, and on the following morning my friend exhibited specimens of his art to the citizens who chanced to drop in, and to whom our host had imparted the information that an artist had arrived. Before noon the intelligence was generally diffused and many a village beauty gazed upon the painter's efforts, with beaming eyes, and a heart that beat joyfully in the anticipation of seeing familiar faces transferred to the canvas. Before we retired to rest at night, we had arranged our plan for a stay of two months in the delightful borough of W——. Our books were taken from our trunks, and our drawing, fishing and hunting materials placed in order for future service.

I was a privileged visitor to my friend's apartment, while he was engaged in his avocations. I had some conversational powers, and was considered as not inadequate to the task of engaging the attention and keeping alive the spirits of his subjects. This employment became at last to be peculiarly delightful. I look back, now, with a memory chastened and mellowed by the lapse of time upon the sweet and ingenuous faces—the fair forms and bright eyes—which beguiled away the happiest hours of a not uneventful life.

One afternoon I had been busying myself with a new and interesting work, and had neglected, until quite a late hour, my usual visit to the artist's room. When I entered, a very lively little girl ran towards me, and taking hold of my hand, looked up innocently into my face, exclaiming with childish eagerness,—"Pa's going to buy a new picture, and I am going to have one, and so is my little brother." I led the happy child towards the window where my friend was engaged at his art. A young gentleman was sitting by the window, a bold light falling upon his countenance, and the gentle autumn wind was dallying with his dark hair. A fair form leaned over his chair, and a small white hand was adjusting his truant curls. The form of that lady was surpassingly beautiful. I soon became acquainted, and during my stay, the mansion of the Greys was my principal resort, and marking the true enjoyment of that happy family, constituted the purest source of my enjoyment.

Two short years after leaving W., during which time the pleasing remembrance of its residents had often come across my memory, it fell to my lot again, to take it into my route to the valley of the Wyoming. My first inquiry at the Inn was for the Grey family,—the happy circle where I had passed so many pleasant moments. I was answered with a sigh and a shrug, by the village landlord.—"Alas!" said the publican, "I am afraid you will find with them but a remnant of their former happiness." I was informed that the Greys had removed, and now occupied a low roofed cottage, directly over the way. I lost no time in crossing over to the dwelling. As my hand rested on the little gate, I heard contention within. There were the voice of insolent command, and subdued tone of tender and earnest entreaty. I entered the apartment, and was confronted by a countenance red and bloated, and grossly disfigured apparently by the exertion of recent violent passion.

"What do you want?" said the man, and walking towards me, he gazed at my features with the lack-lustre of a maniac. "What do you want in my house?"

"You do not remember me," said I, as his lineaments flashed upon me; "You have forgot the travelling artist and his companion."

Grey reeled to a chair—"Ay—yes—had our pictures taken, my wife and children; oh yes—Is it you. I will call them." He arose to leave the room, but leaned in indecision upon an old chest of drawers. He called to the family to come in, as they had friends there.

While he was drawling out these almost unintelligible commands, a door opened from an adjoining apartment, and his wife entered. Her little girl followed with eyes red with weeping. She shrunk from her degraded mother, alas! I hardly recognized her. "Dry sorrow had drank her blood," —an unnatural paleness lingered on her wasted features, and an unearthly glare beamed in her yet undimmed eye. She looked the very picture of hopeless despair.

Grey begged to be excused, as he passed with tottering steps from the room. I referred to former times—their change of residence, &c. The poor, abused wife told me in a few words, with what an awful calamity that devoted family had been visited. Intemperance had been there. The husband, the father, in two short years had become a confirmed drunkard. Affliction had gathered upon a happy circle, and unmixed sorrow had been poured upon the innocent. I could hear no more. The contrast between our first and second meeting, kept crowding upon my memory; I felt that in continuing the conversation, I must be imparting and receiving pain. I kissed the little girl, and as I opened the door to retire, the light fell upon the Family Group, through the green gauze with which it was enveloped. There were the same curls which had been bodied forth by the artist, the same speaking eye, which after inebriety had rendered dim and expressionless.—There, too, were the beautiful mother and child. And as I looked upon the pictured group, and then upon the attenuate being before me, whose hand clasped, with all a mother's fondness the opening bud in her arms, whom poverty and sorrow awaited, my heart melted—and woman as I was,—the tear rose unbidden to my cheek, and I passed the threshold with an aching heart.

This is no fancy sketch. It is, alas! too true, as one, at least, will testify, if ever this hasty tale should meet his eye. It may be that in his wanderings, the friend of my youth may see this record of early scenes, and recognize it as readily as he would a portrait from his own features.

The State of Ohio covers a surface of 40,000 square miles, or 25,000,000 of acres. About one fourth of this is yet in the hands of the United States, for sale at one dollar and a quarter per acre. Donations have been made by the Legislature, for the furtherance of education, religion, and internal improvement, of 1,764,000 acres. The debt contracted by Ohio for Canal purposes amounts to nearly five millions, and the whole of her navigable canals is 460 miles. With her great rivers, and Lake Erie added to these, no spot on the globe of the same extent, contains greater facilities both for internal and external communication. It is curious to see how the credit of Ohio stands the experience of so large a debt; it is a fact, that her Canal Stock is twenty nine per cent above par! 100,000 dollars of additional 6 per cent Stock, has been disposed of at the rate of 124 dollars cash for 100 dollars. The tolls last year, when the principal canal was unfinished, were, $111,000, and it is presumable that, without much longer requiring the aid of taxes, the tolls themselves will, besides paying the entire debt, begin the foundation of a sinking fund. The taxes in Ohio are very low, say nine mills on a dollar; the highest salary in the State is only 1,200 dollars.

The population of the State multiplied itself ten times in the first ten years; in the second ten years, seven times; in the third ten years, nearly two and a half times; and in the fourth ten years, nearly thrice. The excess of free white males in this State over the females is 31,097—or there are 31,000 spare husbands.

Two hundred Lives lost.—The Amazon, from Hull, arrived at Quebec on the 31st ult., having on board sixty passengers from the Lady of the Lake, from Belfast, sunk at sea. Upwards of 200 passengers are said to have gone down with her.

From the New York American.

RANDOLPHIANA.—No. IV.

Mr. Randolph was as singular in his dress whilst in London as he used to be at Washington, and whenever we walked the streets together, the people would turn about and stare at him with astonishment; but this never seemed to offend him; on the contrary, if he got upon an interesting topic of conversation, he would sometimes stop in one place, no matter how public, until he delivered one of his "extemporaneous flashes," as I used to term them, and then walk quietly on, without paying the least regard to the shrugs of the passing strangers. Although it was his first visit to the metropolis, yet he possessed a thorough knowledge of all the streets, lanes, alleys, &c.; and when we had any great distance to walk, he used to take all the *short cuts* through by-lanes, &c., which I had supposed were only known to a Londoner.

After spending four weeks very delightfully in London I was obliged to return to Ireland, and parted with much regret from Mr. Randolph, whom I did not again see until my return to America in 1823.

In the spring of 1824, I received a letter from him requesting me to engage passage for himself and his faithful man John on board the Liverpool packet of 16th May. He reached town the day before the vessel sailed, and I had a busy day with him. At night I told him that I would call upon him the next morning at half past 9 o'clock, and I begged of him to have all his luggage, &c. in readiness to be taken down to the steamboat which would start for the ship precisely at 10 o'clock.

Next morning I accordingly called on him at Bunker's, expecting to find him in perfect readiness; but what was my astonishment upon entering his room, to see him in his dressing gown, writing a letter, with a large Bible open before him, and John on the floor most busily engaged unpacking a trunk! "What in the world is the matter, Mr. Randolph?" exclaimed I. "Do you know that it is almost 10 o'clock, and the steamboat never waits a minute for any person?" "I cannot help it, Sir," replied he; "I am all confused this morning; I am just writing a farewell letter to my constituents, and would *you* believe it, Sir, I have forgotten the exact words of a quotation from the Bible, which I *must* use; and as you know I always quote correctly, I cannot go on till I find it. I never was at fault before." "What is the quotation," I asked; "perhaps I can assist you, for time is precious" "Why," said he, "it begins 'How have I loved thee, oh Jacob'—but for the life of me I cannot remember the other words. Here, you take the Bible and look over it, whilst I finish the rest of the letter." "My dear Sir," replied I, "you cannot wait to do this; but let us take letter, Bible and all on board the boat, where you will have ample time to complete your quotation before we reach the ship." To this he agreed after some hesitation; and then he suddenly said, "Well, Sir, I will not take John with me, and you must get back his passage money." "Not take John with you!" I exclaimed; "why, this is folly; only recollect how much you suffered last voyage for want of him!" "Sir, I have decided; the question is no longer open to discussion. John has disobliged me—he has become spoiled by your *free* blacks, and I don't want to have to take care of *him*." Then turning to poor John, who was much distressed, he gave him a long list of instructions as to his journey back to Virginia; and when he had just concluded, he said to him in a sarcastic manner, "Now John, you have heard my commands—but you need not obey them. When you get to Philadelphia, call on the Manumission Society, and they will make you *free*, and I shall not look after you!" This was too much for poor John, who replied in much agitation—"Master John, this is too hard—you know I love you—and you know you'll find me at Roanoke when you come back!"

I really felt indignant, and said—"Well, Mr. Randolph, I could not have believed this; I thought you had more compassion. Surely you have punished him enough by leaving him behind, without hurting his feelings;—you have made the poor fellow cry." "What!" said he quickly, "does he shed tears?" "Yes," replied I, "I saw them myself." "He *shall* go with me. John take down your baggage!" was the end of this curious scene. John instantly brightened up—forgot his master's anger, and in a short time I bid them both good bye.

When they returned from England in the fall, I called upon Randolph, and my first question was—"Well, sir, did you regret my advice about taking John?" "Regret it, sir!" replied he, "I should have died without him; he saved my life three times!" "Then," said I, "I hope, to use your own figure of speech, next time you will not 'go off at half cock!'" I then asked him how he was pleased with England during this visit. He answered with enthusiasm—"There never was such a country on the face of the earth as England, and it is utterly impossible that there can be any combination of circumstances hereafter to make such another country as Old England now is!"

He then gave me a rapid sketch of his journey, and told me that he had gone to Ireland agreeably to his promise, and was delighted with the country and people, but shocked at witnessing so much misery. Alluding to the oppressions of both the Government and Church, he said, "The Lion and the Jackall have divided the spoils between them, sir; but if I had my way, I would 'unmuzzle the ox which treadeth out the corn.'" He also said that he thought the Marquis of Wellesley must be an impartial man, because he received the violent abuse of both parties—"no small compliment to a statesman, sir, in the present state of Ireland!"

"My knowledge of Ireland," said he to me one morning, "seems to astonish you as much as it did Mr. Canning's servant at Washington, the other day. He brought me a note from his master—who by the way is a superior man, sir—and as soon as he spoke I at once recognised the brogue, and said to him,—'You're from *Munster*, are you not?' I am, *plaise* your honor,' replied he, astonished at the question. 'From the county Clare I presume!' 'Yes sir,' said he, still more astonished. 'What town did you come from?' 'The town of Ennis, sir.' 'Oh,' said I laughing, 'I know Ennis very well—pray does Sir Edward O'Brien still live at Dromoland?' 'He does indeed, sir.' 'And Mr. Stackpool at Edenvale?' 'And the Knight of Glin on the banks of the Shannon?' 'Yes sir,' and then after a pause and a low bow he said, 'Might I make *bould* to *ax*, sir, how long you lived in Clare?' 'I never was in Europe,' said I, 'but I hope to be there soon.' 'Oh, sir, don't be *after* making a fool of me—faith, you're a bit of an Irishman, for you have the brogue, and you know as much of the country as I do myself, and more too, I'm thinking.' It was in vain that I assured him I had never seen Ireland—he went away still insisting that I had *lived* there!"

No wonder poor Paddy should have been deceived, when *we* on board the ship, both English and Irish, were often made to blush by superior local information that Mr. Randolph possessed, even of the very counties in which we were born!

One day I asked him who was his favorite candidate for the Presidency after Mr. Monroe's time would expire? "Why, Sir," replied he, "if it had not been for his *wrong* vote on the Missouri question, I should at once say Rufus King; he is the best man north of the Potomac, and a gentleman, too, of the old school; and best of all, sir, an honest man—rather a scarce article now among politicians. A sad mistake sir, he made, on that question; but he thought he was right, and I esteem him still, but he will not *now* do for President. The New England men, sir, would rob us of our patrimonial slaves and our patrimonial oaks, and they are trying to obtain some of our patrimonial acres also; but it will not answer, sir. Old Virginia has some strength left yet, and we must therefore get a southern man for President!"

He was very free in expressing his opinions of all the great political characters, both living and dead, and his satire was cutting. Sometimes he amused us by repeating parts of his speeches in Congress, on important subjects, especially on the late war and the Bankrupt Bill, both of which he opposed most violently. Once or twice during the voyage he lost his temper, but generally speaking he was in good humor, and full of spirits, and contributed greatly to our amusement. I regretted very much that we had to part in Liverpool, but we agreed to meet again during the summer in London.

He did not take any letters of introduction with him from this country. I asked him, one day, why he had refused them. "Because, sir," replied he, "I go to England to see and not to be seen—to hear, and not to be heard."

He became, however, one of the lions of the day, and his company was much sought after. At the splendid ball given for the benefit of the Irish poor under the patronage of the King and royal family, Lord Londonderry singled out Randolph, and stood by him for a considerable time, pointing out to his notice all the distinguished characters, both male and female, as they passed in review before them.

"Your countryman, sir," said he to me a few days afterwards, "is a most accomplished gentleman. Who could ever suppose that so fascinating an exterior covered so much deceit? I admire his polite manners, but detest his politics!"

A very distinguished member of Parliament brought Mr. Randolph and Miss Edgeworth together at his breakfast table, and he told me that he had never enjoyed so rich an intellectual treat before. To use his own words, "spark produced spark, and for three hours they kept up the fire until it ended in a perfect blaze of wit, humor and repartee. Mr. Randolph absolutely knew Miss Edgeworth's works better than she did herself, for immediate quotations, and we were all exceedingly astounded by his intimate acquaintance with Ireland and Irish manners. Lady T. and myself did nothing but listen, and I was really vexed when some public business called me away!"

I was with Randolph one morning soon afterwards, when he received a most friendly note from Miss Edgeworth, written in the family style. I begged of him to give it to me as a keepsake. "Give *that* note to you!" said he with emphasis—"why, I would not part with it for half my estate!"

VISIT TO MR. MADISON.

FROM THE CORRESPONDENT OF THE PORTLAND EVENING DAILY ADVERTISER.

Orange Court-House, (Va) May 23, 1833.

I left Charlottesville a little before midnight in the mail stage, and found myself here by day-light this morning, distance thirty miles. As Mr. Madison's plantation is only five miles distant from this, I resolved to stop, and to visit almost the last of the Romans. I took a horse, raining though it was, and after going over a Virginia road, about three miles, which you probably know is one of the worst in the world; for here it is "unconstitutional" to have good roads, I came to a bye-path, a sort of a carriage road that led into the woods, when I kept on riding and riding for nearly two miles, or one mile and a half, passing one gate that led to a plantation, till I came to another where I met an old negro, who told me the way, and added that his "old master would be glad to see the young gemman," that "Mr. Madison raised him," and that he (the negro) was now "sixty-one years of age" and "Mr. Madison was a good master," and "would not let his overseer make fight with the men," thus running on with communicative loquacity, seeing he had found a white man to listen to his talk. I rode on then through a well-built gate—on the road-way leading through an immense field of rye—by yet another gate—and came at last to a large and elegant brick house, built in the Virginian fashion, with wings, a projecting portico, a walk in front, &c. &c.

What on earth could send a man here, I said to myself—here, so far from the road, so far from neighbors, so far from the village, the Post Office—in this hide-and-go-seek place in the woods where it is difficult to find a dwelling, no matter how conspicuous it may be. But such is the Virginian fashion. The Virginians get off from the road with the same zeal that we crowd on—and here you may travel where there are no signs of life, but where, if you were to sound a trumpet to call men together, they would jump up as from the earth. Truly this is retirement, this habitation in such a field—in such a valley—with the morning music of the whippoorwill and the evening song of the nightingale—undisturbed but by the little bustle in the neighboring negro camps, or the solitary traveller who, perchance, strays here, as I have done, to pay the homage that it due to character, to patriotism, to an upright and well done political career. As I fastened my horse, and drew near to the door of the yard, with a well fitted and well painted fence, I was musing much on the changes that come over a man in the course of a long life. How can we accustom ourselves to such a solitude after all the bustle of an active life to which we have been habituated? How can we withdraw and forget men and things, and live and feed on the thoughts within us, and with the few and unvarying companions that our own home affords. Cicero, in that admirable treatise of his—*De Senectute*, puts into the mouth of Scipio,—I think it is he, but my memory of the readings of other days is even now growing rusty—the true lessons for enjoying a happy old age, or a change of life, or meek submission to circumstances. It was not long before I saw a living exemplification and practiser of all these lessons,—with yet another aid for the enjoyment of a happy old age than Cicero has spoken of.

I rapped at the door A servant, courteous, well-bred, and well-dressed, came to my call. I sent in my card, for not expecting to return this way, I had refused letters offered me by friends in Washington to Mr. and Mrs. Madison. The card was carried to Mr. Madison—and I was invited into the parlor, in the centre of the building, full of the portraits of eminent individuals, among which were those of Washington and Jefferson, and Lafayette, I think, but am not certain—and of paintings also, representing different scenes and passions, but chiefly of a religious character. The furniture was of that rich old cast, which, while it keeps up the idea of magnificence, carries us back to other days, and reminds us, that we are in the houses of our ancestors, or our fathers. Mrs. Madison soon appeared, and after a little conversation, carried me into her husband's room, and presented me to Mr. Madison. He was lying on his bed, in a thick silk robe—reading,—with the book near at his side, and his spectacles put in to preserve the place. His reception was generous and courteous. His conversation fluent, *agreeable*, vigorous, and frank—and displayed even on common topics, instruction and interest.

There is no decay of mind—not the least visible decrease of that intellectual vigor, which ever distinguished him. His memory seems to be as good as ever—and he speaks of trade, of improvements, of public health, and of the different sections of the country, with all the interest of a man who is calmly but zealously surveying what his countrymen are doing. In speaking of his eye-sight, he remarked that it was but a short time since he began to use spectacles. He attributed the long duration of his visual power to the fact that he was near-sighted and I was interested in hearing his argument to sustain the position, founded as it was on an intimate knowledge of the science of Optics. Of course I avoided, as all persons would, intimate friends except, any allusion to the passing politics or scenes of the day,—though I should have been interested in hearing him speak of his own Virginia. As to his own health, he said it was as good as could be expected, though he was slightly afflicted with rheumatic pains. Old age was his chief disease. He then eulogized the air and climate he lived in,—and Mrs. Madison remarked, that there were in this vicinity a large number of very old people. These remarks reminded me of a conversation I had at breakfast at a tavern, in the mountains west of this. I inquired of the lady of the house, "What are your prevailing diseases?" "We have none." "Any Consumptions?" "No." "Fevers?" "No." "What do you die of?" "Oh, of old age." Such being the good reputation of the air and climate in this part of Virginia, I hope Mr. and Mrs. Madison will live many, many years yet.

I tarried as long as politeness would seem to justify. Both pressed upon me with a hospitality distinguishing almost every Virginian, a continuance at dinner,—which, though I would have gladly accepted for the sake of a few minutes more conversation with the venerable man, I felt constrained to decline. I parted with both—they offering me their hands, and wishing me with great kindness a prosperous journey homeward.

The character of Mr. Madison, I have ever preeminently admired. I think him the model of what an American statesman ought to be. Among all our great men, he is my favorite, if not the chief, at least one of the chief And surely as I look at his fine plantation, his well-housed and happy negroes, his flourishing fields of grain, his flocks of sheep, and see him in his old age, though stretched upon the bed, there nourishing his mind with books, and amusing his idle hours, which else would hang heavy upon him, I cannot but think he is enjoying the true *otium cum dignitate*, and realizing the picture of a happy old age that Cicero has so touchingly and beautifully described—thus adding to the character of the statesman and the patriot that of the philosopher.

I have said Mr. Madison has yet other aids for the enjoyment of a happy old age, than Cicero speaks of. Added to his own resources, his own house and plantation, he has for a companion, his wife, a lady who even now well sustains her old reputation, that of being the most accomplished woman in America.—With such a companion, he ever has society, interest and conversation by his own bed side. The picture of domestic enjoyment they now exhibit, is one of the most attractive I ever witnessed. How sweet must even old age be when thus softened and watched over! How glorious and good the life of a man after such services, ending thus, with such a companion to administer to his wants and comfort! The fame Mr. Madison has won, the glory he bequeaths to posterity, and the bright pages which his name is to occupy in his country's story, are, after all, not of so much worth to him as the possesion of such a wife. B.

Hartford Convention.—The Editor of the Daily Advertiser is preparing for publication a history of the proceedings of the Hartford Convention, of which he was Secretary. The period has arrived in which the veil of secresy may be withdrawn,—and indeed it is much to be regretted that it was ever assumed. The reputation of that body has suffered by the imputation of intentions that were never conceived, and of acts that were never done. It was composed of honorable men and honest patriots. Most of them have now gone down to the grave, and it is due to their memories that their fame should be rescued from reproach, by laying before the world a true history of their transactions.

Family Steamer.—Scarcely ever have we seen a little apparatus so admirably adapted, from its simplicity, its easy application, and its various and important uses, to the convenience and comfort of the neat and industrious housewife, as that which has recently fallen under our notice, with the above appropriate title. It is a portable steam generator, whose principal object is to assist in creating and preserving cleanliness, to destroy noxious insects and vermin, and to prevent their increase. It is used without trouble or inconvenience, and supersedes the annoying application of water in many cases. That vexatious but indispensible ceremony, which is, after all, too often ineffectual, the cleaning of bedsteads, may be performed, most thoroughly, by the aid of this apparatus, without taking them apart or removing them, and without the slightest injury to the floor or carpet upon which they stand. Not a bug or other insect can possibly escape the searching and destructive power of this instrument For cleansing furniture, removing spots from paint, purifying varnish, cleansing windows and looking glasses, picture frames, maps, &c. it is most completely adapted. Its penetrating power is truly wonderful. The smallest crack or fissure may be thoroughly searched, and every thing harbored there effectually removed. It may be useful, too, to destroy worms, which so often infest fruit trees, without injuring the trees themselves; and to remove skippers from Bacon without affecting the meat. In fine, in those numerous essential family operations, which while they contribute to neatness, health, and comfort, are so often full of trouble and vexation to the matron and to all about her, it is an almost invaluable auxiliary, and, when it shall be introduced into general use, we have no doubt it will rank among the most valuable and indispensable articles of housewifery.

It is capable likewise of being employed in many cooking operations to great advantage. It will, for example, boil eggs or potatoes with great ease, and in a most excellent manner.—*Nashville Banner.*

Gambling.—The Cincinnati Journal relates an instance of a respectable young man of that city, who was entrusted with the conveyance of $7000 from New Orleans; being the money of his employers. He was "taken in" by a set of gamblers, who stripped him of every farthing.

THE PRESIDENT AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Yesterday morning, the Common Council, with a delegation of the citizens and military, and invited guests; among which last were the officers of the Army and Navy stationed near this city—assembled at the City Hall, from which place they moved in procession to the foot of Barclay street, where they embarked on board the steamboat North America for Perth Amboy, there to meet the President on his way from Philadelphia to this city. At the same time a large number of citizens embarked in the Ohio and other steamboats, to accompany the North America. The boats were superbly decorated with flags of all nations.

They arrived at Perth Amboy soon after eleven o'clock, and anchored in the stream. About one o'clock the President arrived, with his suite in the steamboat New York, from New Brunswick, accompanied by the authorities of that place and a military escort. At the same time a salute of thirteen guns was fired from the hill. He was met at the landing by a deputation from the inhabitants of Perth Amboy, and walked through a lane formed by the people, into the town, where he took a seat in a barouche, and rode through the principal streets. In passing the Raritan Hotel, he was greeted with smiles and the waving of handkerchiefs from a large collection of ladies.

After remaining half an hour at Amboy, the President was received by the authorities of this city on board the North America, and in about 2 hours was wafted to the designated landing place at Castle Garden, where he arrived at 20 minutes to four. National Salutes were fired, as the North America passed, from Fort Hamilton, from the Forts on Bedloe's and Governor's Islands, from Staten Island, from the Revenue Cutters. As she approached the Battery, she was greeted with salutes from a French ship lying in the stream, and by the artillery stationed on the Battery.

The scene presented to the spectator approaching the city was one full of life, beauty, and magnificence. The numerous steamboats—the hundreds of sail boats—the noble display of shipping at the wharves and in the rivers—the towers and roofs glittering in the sun—and the vast collection of human beings, visible in dark masses, on land, water, and house top, formed a spectacle of unusual interest, even for New York. Probably not less than 100,000 people were collected on and about the Battery, and in Broadway, through which the President was expected to pass. He was landed on the west side of Castle Garden, and was escorted into the area, and thence into the saloon, where he remained for half an hour, in conversation with those present. He was thence escorted down the stairway to the eastern gate, where he mounted a fine horse, which was held in readiness for him.

In passing the bridge, his tall person, and grey head became for the first time visible to the multitudes who thronged the Battery and ists vicinity, and the air was rent with hearty and long continued cheering. The moment after he had passed the bridge, and before his horse had entirely cleared the flagging; about fifteen feet of the part nearest to the Battery, including the ticket house, fell in, and all who were upon that portion of the bridge were of course precipitated into the water. A scene of great confusion and alarm ensued, but we are happy to state that no person was seriously injured. Among those who were thus unceremoniously plunged into the water, were Secretaries Cass and Woodbury, Judge Hoffman, Dr. N. E. Sheldon, Major Donelson, General Earl, and Hugh Maxwell, Esq. Governor Cass received a slight contusion on the forehead and shoulder. Very fortunately, none of those who followed the President on the bridge were mounted. It was also a most favorable circumstance that the ends of the sleeper next the battery fell, rather than the other ends, as in the latter case, the persons who were so unfortunate as to be upon that part of the bridge, would have been plunged into deep water, and the consequences might have been disastrous. Nearest the battery wall the water was not more than three or four feet deep. A number of hats, coats, and other matters, including the money drawer of the ticket office, were seen floating on the water, but as we said before, the owners escaped without material injury. The contents of the drawer were recovered.

The President reviewed the troops on the battery—after which a grand civil and military procession was formed, and moved up Broadway to the City Hall. It was composed in part of the City Guard Troop, the Clinton Horse Guards, the President on horse-back accompanied by the Staff officers of the 1st division, the Vice President in a barouche, the President's suite, the Mayor and Council in carriages; the New York State Artillery, the President's Guards, the Governor's Guards, the Tompkins' Blues, the New York Cadets, the Society of the United Irishmen, &c. &c.

As the procession moved forward, the bells of all the churches were rung, and loud huzzahs arose from the living mass which thronged and almost blocked up the street. At every door and window were crowds of ladies, waving their handkerchiefs as the President passed them. The President rode uncovered, bowing gracefully on the right and left, and directing his attention especially to the ladies. On arriving at the City Hall, he remained a short time in the Governor's Room, and thence was escorted, about sunset, to his lodgings at the American Hotel.

The President appeared to be in good health, and highly interested in the scences before him. The day being bright and pleasant, was highly favorable to the display of the military, who made a fine appearance. We understand that the President will receive the visits of the ladies this day between eleven and one o'clock, at the City Hall. *Jour. of Commerce.*

NEW YORK, June 14.

Conformably to previous notice, the President received yesterday, at the City Hall, the visits of the Ladies, of whom, as we are informed by a morning paper, "a very formidable number, of all classes, paid their respects"—His manner of receiving them was bland and courteous. After they had retired, a large number of the officers of the Army and Navy, and also of the citizens, likewise waited upon him in the Hall. Having retired to the American Hotel and dined, he proceeded at about half past four to Brooklyn, and visited with his suite the navy yard in that place. He was received with every demonstration of respect, and after having visited the Franklin 74, and inspected the public buildings and works, he partook of a collation at the house of Commodore Chauncey, and returned about 7 o'clock in the evening to his lodgings.

At 7 o'clock this morning the President and his suite left the city for Newark, a flourishing town, and well worthy of a visit, if he can find gratification in witnessing the fruits of American industry. He is expected to return at 3, in order to be present at half past 4 in Castle Garden at the inflation of the balloon, and the ascent of Mr. Durant

In the course of the afternoon he is expected to perambulate the city, and take the following route: [Here follows the names of the several streets.]

NEW YORK, June 15.

The President's Departure.—This morning at 5 o'clock, the President, accompanied by the Vice President, Messrs. Cass, Woodbury, Maj. Donelson, and Gen. Earl, were escorted to the foot of Beekman street, where they embarked on the steamboat Splendid, for New Haven.

At the moment when the steamboat got under way, the whole escort and the citizens present waved their hats and rent the air with cheers.—The President, standing in the stern of the boat, continued to bow and wave his hat, till the boat cleared the harbor.

The President's Progress.—We learn by a private conveyance, that the President of the United States arrived at 12 o'clock on Saturday last at Bridgeport, Connecticut, in the steamboat Splendid, from New-York. He remained at the town an hour, and saw many of the citizens. The "Yankee *gals*" turned out in great numbers, and were particularly delighted with the Hero of New Orleans.

The President started again at 1 o'clock, and reached the beautiful city of New Haven between 2 and 3 in the afternoon.—Here there were a committee of citizens in waiting to receive him, and a company of military to escort him to the Capitol. He was conducted to a very handsome barouche, drawn by four greys, which conveyed him to the Capitol, where the Mayor and Governor addressed him, to whom he made suitable replies. On his way from the Capitol to Yale College, the students formed an open line, through which he walked to the buildings of the Institution, where he visited the Trumbull Gallery of Minerals, and other curiosities.—*Pennsylvanian.*

Narrow Escapes of the President.—Few men have had more narrow escapes of their lives than President Jackson. Even at this late day, and in our own city, he has been in great peril. The moment after he set his foot on the Battery the bridge fell, over which he had just passed; had it fell one minute before, it would have precipitated him and his horse into the river; then on passing through the dense population up Broadway a number of horses became frightened by the music, and went very near throwing him from his horse; and on leaving us, while standing on the upper deck of the steamboat, the wad of a field piece struck within an inch or two of his person—so that the President came near losing his life three different times at least during his stay in this city.—[*Daily Adv.*]

MAN-WORSHIP.

Poulson's Philadelphia Advertiser, passes the following just strictures upon the parades at Philadelphia.

"It is not our purpose now to pause and animadvert upon the almost man-worship which has been paid by the populace, and some of their leaders; certain we are, however, that former Presidents never consented to be led about in this manner, and to receive the homage of a European Sovereign. Many a time did President Adams arrive at our wharves unannounced, and walk up from the wharf almost unattended, and like any other citizen of the republic. There is the less excuse for this vain-glorious parade, as the excursion is not one for the inspection of military posts, &c. We would pay every proper respect to every one who arrives at the dignity of the first officer of the Union, but in the present case we are compelled to confess our belief, that the demonstrations from a party partake of something which goes beyond the necessity of the case."

BLACK HAWK & Co.—In noticing the visit of Black Hawk and his companions to the Navy Yard on Wednesday, the Norfolk Herald observes:

"They did not appear to be particularly struck with any thing they saw, until they were carried on board the Delaware 74, where they expressed their astonishment and delight by their gestures and exclamations; and Black Hawk himself, even more affected at the wonders of the noble ship than his more youthful companions, asked to be shown the man who made this "great canoe," that he might take him by the hand! In passing the bow of the Delaware, in a barge, on their way back, the figure head, which is a representation of a colossal Indian warrior, attracted their attention and elicited from them the most extravagant manifestations of surprise and pleasure."

Black Hawk and his party were to receive company, in New York, at a suite of rooms provided in Holt's Hotel. The only *surprize* Black Hawk has shown since he left the woods, is at seeing the white people of Philadelphia at the Theatre call for "Jim Crow" the fourth time.—*Bost. Adv.*

Remorse.—The following picture of Remorse is copied from the Philadelphia U. S. Gazette. What a lesson does it convey!

"CLOUGH, [the murderer of the lovely and amiable Mrs. Hamilton] to the time of his sentence, and being remanded to prison for the last time, continued to assert his innocence. On that day his manner changed, and he became apparently penitent. In a conversation with a gentleman preparing for the ministry, who had been his schoolfellow, he declared that he had laid a plan for Mrs. Hamilton's death a month before it took place; that he had determined if she would not have HIM, no other person should have HER.

"He now describes his dreams as being of the horrid and terrific kind; and relates one, in which he imagined himself descending a flight of stairs of interminable length, ending in a black and indistinct abyss; the stairs seemed to turn, and left him hanging by his hands until he could hold on no longer. When the Court House bell rang to announce the verdict of the jury, Clough was found lying on the floor of his cell writhing in agony. His situation is indeed dreadful; sleep, the sweet restorer of nature, brings no relief to his desolate spirit; and he evidently longs to escape from the ocean of agony upon which he is tossed, and lie down upon the shore of death."

A dry goods merchant in Philadelphia recently received an anonymous letter, enclosing seven hundred and twenty dollars, which the writer declares was his property,

The Fire at Raleigh.—T... giving the particulars of ... notices the preservation ... house:

Never did we see such ... manifested for the safety ... as there was for this, and ... presents one of the most ... dences ever recorded. At ... in June, 1816, when there ... of 50 houses destroyed, the ... flames was arrested at this ... ing up the kitchen. In Janua... 30 buildings were burnt, ... arrested at the same house, ... a kirchen on the same spot ... building has been again ... similar circumstances, having ... above, been in imminent d... other fires. Nor do we think, ... proper or indelicate to remark ... every instance, the fortuna... mainly attributable to the ... the calmness, the collected... vering energy of Mrs. *Stron*... dy, whose uniform conduct ... sions, forms an admirable ... of many of those who boast ... "lords of creation."

We regret to state that ... was wounded, though not ... piece of falling timber, and ... exhausted himself by his ... be thrown into strong con... however, are in a fair way ...

We subjoin a statement ... loss, and the names of the ... are all among our most ... prising and deserving citi... bear the loss they have sus... dition to their actual loss, ... ence attending their being ... business, without the pros... new locations, owing to the ... ses, is a most serious draw...

Thomas Cobbs.—His Coach sho... the buildings occupied by T... as a Book store, and by ... Dry Goods Store. Also, a ... riage Timber, Leather, all ... deal of work, among which ... just completed and ready ... loss, exclusive of the build... than $4,000. Several pers... sent for repair, among whom ... of Hillsborough, and Col. W... county. The Rail Road Com... handsome Car body.

Turner & Hughes. B... tween four ... dollars worth of Stock, and a ... damaged, by being thrown fro...

Benjamin S. King—Between ... sand dollars worth of goods.

Williams & Haywood—A quan... Nails &c. stored with Mr. K...

Dr. Rufus Haywood—A small ... William Smith, Barber.

Bernard Dupuy.—A valuable ... occupied by him as a Jew... with seven or eight hundred ... contents.

William White—The house ... Stedman, as a Jewelry Store...

Col. Wm. Polk—A small ... John G. Marshall, as a groce...

John G. Marshall.—About $8... *John Stuart*—A tenement occ... Taylor, Merchant Tailor. ... also damaged.

Several Merchants lost more ... their goods, but none of them ... Not one dollar was insured!

Just after the fire was ... day morning last, a fight occ... two white men, in which one ... severely stabbed. The assa... *Moore*, has been *committed* ... wait the issue.—*Ral. Regi...*

The Star says,

It is not known how th... But Jonathan Lewis has ... suspicion of having set th... with design, and, after ... fore an examining Court, ... a part of both Tuesday ... was committed for trial at ... or Court. As the matter ... go a thorough legal *investig...* proper at this time to adver... ny, nor to offer any opinion ... or innocence of the prisone...

The following is a trans... literatim of the proceedings ... a justice of the peace in one ... towns, inserted in *T. Wa...* and though it was objected ... preme Court, on the ground ... written in the English langu... son very promptly overrule...

"Samuel Cooper vs. fretrick Browner } This 25th ... ber, 18... durned ... in a plea of —— of fifty ... gind, and the parties were ... witness swearn and ... six dullows and twenty ... ges $26,26, corst of ... hereby sartify that the ap... reckt and true copy of ... unter my hand at seal at ... day of January 1825."

New mode of extracting ... tooth is troublesome and ... cavity with a few grains of ... gunpowder—then cover it ... cap, made to fit closely—... furiously together, and it ... ing not a wreck behind! ... properly performed, it is ... ces but trifling inconveni... remarkable, if the patient ... right time, the fragments ... the mouth.—*Lowell Journ...*

A powerful Orator.—... states that a reporter in ... of Commons had the curi... number of thumps which ... the table by Mr. Atwood, ... *sledge-hammer* school, and ... this *able* orator made *three hits* in a quarter of an ... puted that he must have ... no less than *three thousand* ... course of his speech.

...ock.—Since the Adjourned ... Stockholders of the Rail ...yesterday morning, we un... ... Shares Rail Road Stock ...2.

...eston Mercury, June 18.

...e, S. C. June 10, 1833.

...rop up here is entirely lost ... Farmers around me are ...tock in to pasture them in ..., for the Wheat is not ... My Wheat, which until ...n most promising, is, I ...e rest; but I still hope to

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...Vest.—A letter from Lex... instant, says: "last night ...receding; most dreadful." ...hat he has not learned the ...f deaths, but he supposes ...d thirty per day for the last ... Bodley, T. T. Skillman, ... Mr. Towler, Cashier, and ...k of the U. States Branch ... the dead.

...uebec.—Much alarm ex... the 4th inst. in conse...rival of the Harris from ... Isle (the quarantine sta...dred passengers on board. ...ving occurred on board. ...h had not been distinctly ... which were reported to ...lera. The H. had been ... strictest quarantine. ... from the same port was ...ost three passengers; but ... no certainty as to the ...yage, when the deaths ...port from the Harvey ex... there was no sickness ...riod of her arrival.

...LAND DAILY ADVERTISER. ...ers.—*Editors.*—As this is ...olitical feeling is subsid...be heard for his arguments, ...rtizanship, we are induc... to the consideration of ...d our brethren of the corps ...ject of letter postage. ...rgument upon the propriе...wspaper postage, or let...eral, though all agree in ...at the charges upon what ... and treble letters, are ...—for we do not hope to ...n upon the public on sub... are not concerned. But ...d to the public the means ... burden of postage, so ... be generally benefitted, ... the Post Office Depart...ly affected. ...er aids the newspapers in ...tion, is of great advantage ...eneral—an advantage not ...ant in furnishing him with ...," "the state of trade," ...tters," &c. &c. but to the ... general. ...ious burden and a heavy ...s of newspapers desirous of ... readers with the earliest ...is the heavy tax upon let... ...all of the principal news... ...e correspondents in all of ... were it not for the heavy

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...ange newspapers cannot be ... certain communicators of ...the mail carriers, very of... ...and often in good going, ...leaving the newspaper ...king only the letter mail. ...ondence is more inter...le, more minute, as well

... to recommend that Ed... ...be allowed to receive ...age. We can imagine ...ns to this plan; and we ...ses of which they can be ...ceive subscription letters ... advantage to the subscri... ...bscriber always does, or ...ay the postage. Thus the ...d. They can be guilty ..., for the franking postage ...em, but simply the privi... letters sent. ...e established for the pub... ...are indispensably necessa... ...f business—in short, they ...as among the necessaries ...untry. If the People en... ...enterprise of the present ...he encouragement will be ... superior value. It is an ...em, that whatever aids the ...ion of news and its wide ... an advantage to the whole

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...wspapers have as much right ...letters as members of Con...ver arguments *they* can urge ... we can urge with redoubled ... workers for the public as

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...e us the privilege of receiv...apers. Thus this project is ...d now Congress will be ...d consistent, if to newspa...ers. ...hese brief arguments to our ... quill. There are many ...which their good sense will ...is no party question. We ...ed; the public are interest... ...give it a fair discussion.

...dria Gazette, of Tuesday, ...esterday saw a letter from the ...es Madison, expressing, in the ..., his interest in the American ...Society, and enclosing a dona... ...Dollars, to be applied to the ...ociety."

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE:

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 25, 1833.

FAYETTEVILLE, June 22, 1833.

At a meeting of the citizens of Fayetteville, convened pursuant to public notice, at the Town Hall, for the purpose of electing Delegates to a Convention to be holden at Raleigh on the 4th of July next,

JAMES SEAWELL, Esq. Magistrate of Police, was called to the Chair, and

JOHN W. WRIGHT appointed Secretary.

Dr. Thomas N. Cameron submitted the following Preamble and Resolutions, which were, on motion, adopted:—

Whereas the Citizens of this community have learned, with much satisfaction, that it is proposed to hold a Convention in the City of Raleigh, on the 4th day of July next, to devise some plan of Internal Improvement for the State of North Carolina. And whereas, we fully concur in the utility of said Convention, and deem it expedient that our citizens should be represented therein.

Be it therefore Resolved, That a Delegation of eleven persons be appointed to represent us in said Convention.

That the Hon. Robert Strange, John D. Toomer, Louis D. Henry, John D. Eccles, John H. Hall, John M. Dobbin, James Seawell, John Huske, Edward L. Winslow, Edward J. Hale, and Thomas L. Hybart be the said Delegation.

On motion of E. L. Winslow, *Resolved*, That the Delegation be empowered to fill any vacancy in their body.

On motion of J. W. Wright, *Resolved*, That the Delegates sent be a committee to communicate with the Citizens of the adjoining Counties, and request them to appoint a Delegation to the Convention.

On motion of Dr. Thomas N. Cameron, *Resolved*, That Messrs. Edward W. Willkings, John Crusoe, Joseph Baker, Duncan MacRae and George McNeill be a Committee to collect such information as to the trade and commerce of Fayetteville, as may be important to the Convention, and place the same in the hands of the Delegation.

Ordered, That the proceedings of this meeting be inserted in the Newspapers published in this town.

JAMES SEAWELL, M. P. *Chair'n.*
J. W. WRIGHT, *Secretary.*

Our readers in the neighboring counties will observe the above proceedings, as we hope, with pleasure. We think we may safely say, that no other occasion would call forth so numerous a delegation as that therein named; and we trust that every county in which there is yet time to make a Delegation, will do so without delay. It is no time for hesitation or lukewarmness.—Every county should do its duty; nay, every individual should feel that upon his exertions, in some degree, depends the future prosperity of the State.

At a meeting of the citizens of Wilmington, on Wednesday evening last, eleven Delegates were appointed to the Internal Improvement Convention at Raleigh on the 4th proximo. We have heard the names of only seven of them, viz: Wm. B. Meares, Esq. Gen. E. B. Dudley, Jos. A. Hill, Thomas Hill, Gabriel Holmes, Alex'r McRae, and Dr. Wm. P. Hort.

There is nothing in the last article signed 'Y,' in the Wilmington Press, that demands a reply, except that if he wants any further information about the payment of the instalments, he knows where he may obtain it; we are not in possession of it, and he has no claim on us to hunt it up for him.

He says "it is not necessary to say more about the navigation of the river."—He made an assertion which we contradicted, viz: that "sometimes for 3 or 4 months together, the river is not navigable even by boats of the smallest size." We called upon him to state *one* such period, that we might have the opportunity to disprove it; but instead of doing so, he says it is not necessary to say more about it!

FOURTH OF JULY.

We understand that Archibald A. T. Smith, Esq. has been invited by the Committee of Arrangements to deliver the Oration in this town on the 4th, and that John W. Huske, Esq. has been invited to read the Declaration of Independence; and that both gentlemen have consented to discharge the duties requested.

The Crops.—We are sorry to learn from a gentleman from Stokes County, that the rains have very materially injured the wheat crops, so that instead of the fine crop anticipated a few weeks ago, there will be less made than for 25 years past. This is a serious calamity in that section of country, where wheat is the principal staple.

The news from England is up to the 15th of May, but, if we except the particulars of a riotous meeting in London, at which blood was shed, there is nothing of interest.

LIVERPOOL, May 15—*Cotton Market*—There is no alteration in our cotton market this week. We have had a good import, but the sales are rather limited; yet, though the market is dull, we have only the old stock to work upon. Prices remain quite steady.

Removals.—The Postmasters at Georgetown and Coosawhatchie, S. C. have been removed from Office, in consequence, it is supposed, of their being Nullifiers.

The Charleston papers mention the death of Robert J. Turnbull, Esq. one of the most able writers and orators belonging to the Nullification party in South Carolina, in the 60th year of his age.

Praiseworthy.—The candidates in Edgecomb county for seats in the next General Assembly, have entered into an agreement to dispense with the practice of treating at the various muster grounds previous to the day of election.

Randolphiana.—We continue our extracts from the anecdotes of Mr. Randolph, furnished to the New York American by a friend of this eccentric individual. In the 5th No. the writer gives extracts from several letters of Mr. R. to himself, written in 1824, in the first two of which he charges the Reporters with "some gross and flagrant mistaks of his meaning," in his speech upon the Greek question in 1824. It is but justice to the able Reporter of that Speech, (Jos. Gales, Jr. Esq.) to state what we know in relation to it, which will show that Mr. Randolph had no reason to complain of the Report, and that he has been guilty of the meanness of complimenting Mr. G. in a quarter where he might naturally suppose it would meet his ears, and of holding different language to another person. We therefore state, that having been engaged in the establishment of Messrs. Gales & Seaton in 1824, we took the proof sheet of this very Greek Speech to Mr. R's lodgings, and read every line of it to him, in the course of which he made a few corrections, exhibiting the utmost paaticularity to have the exact words used by him inserted, and finally complimenting Mr. Gales as being "certainly the best Reporter in this country, or, so far as his knowledge extended, in England also." Mr. G. merited this compliment; for, notwithstanding Mr. R. was so positive as to declare that "he would take his oath" that he had not used this word, or that phrase, he was able to detect very few errors, not exceeding fifteen or twenty, if our recollection serves us, in a speech occupying five or six columns of the Intelligencer.

It is proper to state, also, that the incident related in the first No. of these reminiscences, (published in our last,) relative to the game of chess with Mr. Jefferson, has been positively denied in Virginia.

From the Albany Evening Journal.

PRINTERS' ENTERPRIZE.—The N. Y. Gazette states that in the establishment of the Harpers of New York there are 17 presses, and one working by horse power, which equals the work of six or seven common presses; and that the persons employed in their stereotyping, printing and bookbinding department, are 140 in number.

Since this subject is started we will take the liberty to add, on what we consider good authority, that the printing of the establishment costs $100, and the paper $200 a day; that they employ a considerable number of workmen out of their own quarters; that they turn out on an average, every day in the year, a book of the Family Library size; and that the postage bill of the firm is about $1000 per annum.—*Mercantile Jour.*

"Since the subject is started," *we* must be permitted to put in *our* oar, for the purpose of stating a fact which will teach young mechanics what may be accomplished by industry, intelligence and enterprize. It is but a few years since the Harpers were Journeymen Printers. In 1816, the Editor of this Journal was a pressmate of James Harper, in the office of Alderman Jonathan Seymour, of N. York, a man that honors our Craft, and who is remembered with esteem and affection by all who ever held situations in his office. At that day, Harper was known as a "*driver*," and well we remember the many long and hard *pulls* he gave us at the *Bar*.—Nothing short of 12 tokens a day would satisfy him. His brother John worked at a Press in the same room, and a chip of the same block. *Dead horses* were never found upon their *Banks*. It required no gift of prophecy to see, from these young men's manners of taking time by the forelock, that they were destined to "*make a spoon or spoil a horn.*" We are happy to learn that they *have* made a "*Spoon,*" with which they are diligently employed in extracting honey from the "*Horn of plenty*"

We copy the above with much pleasure, not only as paying a just tribute to the merits of two worthy, industrious and enterprising men, but for the sake of the example which their conduct exhibits to young men, especially to young printers, of great wealth, great respect and popularity, acquired within a very few years, and for which they are indebted to no adventitious circumstances, but solely to their own exertions. We had the pleasure, a few months ago, of going through their very extensive establishment, every part of which was shown to us by Mr. James Harper. To the eye of a printer, a more delightful scene was never presented. The rapidity with which the work of every branch of the business was performed, the order, system, and above all the labor-saving contrivances, excited our liveliest interest and admiration. As a specimen of the labor-saving machinery, we may mention, that each of the seventeen presses, is worked by one man, instead of two, the place of the second being filled by an apparatus, which supplies itself and the form with ink without any assistance. It performs, as does every thing else about the establishment, admirably. Their publications, too, are selected so judiciously, that they are all popular, so that it has become a good recommendation of a book to say that it is published by the Harpers.—*Ed. Observer.*

Convention.—It gives us pleasure to find in the Newbern Spectator, the following remarks favoring the amendment of the Constitution. Coming from that quarter, they do honor to their author:

We publish to-day the Address of the Committee to the People of the State on the Amendment of the Constitution. The subject is one of vast importance, and should command the serious consideration of every citizen of North Carolina. We have hitherto been opposed to any alterations of the instrument under whose salutary precepts we have experienced so much happiness, so great a degree of prosperity, but our opposition arose not from a spirit of injustice or a desire to deprive any portion of our fellow citizens of their rights, but from our fears that alterations would be the reverse of amendment. Our duty, as well as our inclination, bids us acquiesce in the will of the people; and if after mature consideration, with the proper sources of information before them, they shall say, "let the Constitution be amended," the question will be settled.

The inequality of our Representation has long been a subject of complaint with our western brethren, and from the showing of the Address it is justly so. It is utterly at variance with all the principles of our government that a minority should rule a majority, and the injustice in the present case is greatly aggravated by the disparity between taxation and representation. This subject is fully discussed in the Address. That part of the 32d Article of the Constitution which declares "that no person who denies the truth of the Protestant religion shall be capable of holding any office or place of trust or profit in the civil department of State," is a foul disgrace, and should be blotted out forever. It directly contravenes the 19th section of the Declaration of Rights, which declares "That all men have a natural and unalienable right to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of their own consciences." With that part of the Address which recommends that the Governor shall be elected by the people, we cordially agree. This would put an end to all electioneering during the time that the Legislature should be otherwise employed, and render the Executive desirous of cultivating the good will of the people by a proper discharge of his duties. It cannot accord with the good of the Commonwealth or with the dignity of the Chief Magistrate of the State to be under the necessity of soliciting the favour of election or re-election from the members of Assembly. If he must incur obligation, let it come from the people, not from their servants. Another important recommendation is, that the meeting of the Legislature shall take place but once in two years, instead of annually, and that it shall consist of 127, instead of 199 members. Experience, expediency, common sense, and indeed every consideration that should have weight, sanction this amendment. A saving of $25,000 a year will result from this. Apart, however, from this pecuniary benefit, we are greatly deceived if the people are not convinced that much of our recent legislation could have been dispensed with without material injury to their interests. Twenty-five thousand dollars a year spent on internal improvements, or left in the pockets of those who labour for them, will have an influence on our prosperity very different from that of flimsy speeches on party and sectional subjects. The Address is so full and so minute, that farther remark is unnecessary, at least, for the present.

Eloquence.—The Courtland (Ala.) Herald, has lately changed Editors—the new Editor being the Rev. M. Smith, "late Editor of the Southern Spy, Star of the South, &c. and author of sundry Historical, Geographical, Political Works, Novels, &c. &c." The late Editor, after praising the education, talents and experience of Mr. Smith, states that "the contributions of an individual are engaged also, whose literary acquirements are not surpassed by any man's in North America!" The following is an amusing specimen of the "acquirements" of the concern, being an extract from their inaugural address:

"We will now tell the readers of our paper, how we intend to give their mental appetite a mere taste of all the *rarities* the *Earth*, the *Sea*, the *blue sky*, and all the brilliant *orbs* of the upper regions can afford. We will lead their souls to the water's *Cataracts* and Cascades foaming in nature's frolics. To the deep vernal groves and shady wilds—to hear the cooing dove and sunset lay of singing birds, and bid them muse upon the scene, and think of mortal life and all its fleeting joys!

Also the mountain's height, to caverns deep and wide, to see old nature's art in wild fantastic congellations, and Crystilines most curious forms. To the deep burning bowels of the earth, from which is spued through Etna's mount, Vesuvious and dread Strobolo too, (once thought to be the fiery mouth of *hell*) the red flames.

From these unto the fairy bowers of earthly nymphs—where grows, well cultivated with most tender hands, and watched with beauty's eyes in Virgin's form—the sweet rose, the violet and a thousand flowers, high painted with a heavenly pencil in the rain-bow's hues. And too, w'll lead them to the charm of human forms, and faces most divine. To the rare banquet of the Elion strains of music sweet. And to the halls of sages grave, to listen to their council wise.—The desolating ranks of soldiers brave, to the black cannon's loudest roar. To view the running blood of man, in death's strong struggle, and to hear the last long dying groan. Also to the high regions of the sky, amongst the splendid works of light celestial and divine, to contemplate the burning sun, the silver moon, the golden stars, wandering meters wild, and firy comets grand, filled with destruction's wrath or mercy's love.

And too, w'll lead to contemplate the thunder loud, the electric flame and fertilizing showers, the chrystal dew-drop on the thorn, and Zephyr's cool salubrious wings. And to the human soul immortal, and divine!! its destiny. And to the throne of God. To all of its inhabitants, divested of the frail human flesh, now made bright angels pure. Then to the human heart and soul, and teach to man and woman too, the life of virtue, peace and honor here to live!"

A volume has just been published by the Harpers, New York, entitled "*Discourses and Addresses on subjects of American History, Art, and Literature, by* GULIAN C. VERPLANCK."

'Who reads an American Book?"—In an advertisement annexed to the last number of the London Quarterly Review, the following works are announced as being in the press. Kent's Commentaries. Story's Commentaries on the Constitution of the United States. Nuttall's Ornithology. Westward Ho! Dreams and Reveries of of a quiet man. A collection of Tales by Miss Sedgwick, Messrs. Paulding, Bryant, Sands, &c.—Bush's Life of Mohammed. Buonaparte's Ornithology.

Counterfeit.—We have seen a counterfeit $1 note on the Bank of the State of S. Carolina. The note is badly executed and easy to detect. The engraving is miserably defective—the letters irregular and disproportionate, one error in orthography, in the word promise, which is spelt "*promis.*" Keep a sharp look out.—*Salisbury Jour.*

A Comparison.—The Louisville Journal and Focus, describing the variety of intonations of the Partisan editors on a late occasion, concludes his remarks upon it with the following droll similitude:

"Take their melody all in all, we can liken it to nothing but that of the Yankee music-master, who arranged a regular row of cats of different sizes and ages, and tried to play a tune by pulling at their tails!"

The City Councils of Philadelphia have agreed to pay Mr. Gevelot nine thousand dollars to execute a Statue of the late Stephen Girard, the liberal benefactor of the city.—The Statue to be of the size of life, and of the best Italian marble. Is there no marble on the North American continent as fit as the Italian for such purposes?—*Nat. Int.*

More Encouragement!—The amount collected on all the Canals of New York, from the opening of navigation up to the 31st May *(thirty nine days,)* is $325,565 4—exceeding by $53,978 58, the sum collected up to the same period of the previous year. And this increase of the amount has been effected, notwithstanding the reduction of the *rates* of toll is estimated to have lessened the receipts of this year from 20 to $30,000.

The last County Court for this county has passed an order for appointing person to receive the votes at the ensuing election for or against a Convention.

Charlotte Journal.

Our Rail Road.—This enterprising undertaking, approaches rapidly to a completion. The stock which, four months ago, was at 30 and 40 per cent. below par, has within the last month or two risen gradually, until it has far exceeded its par value. Purchasers are freely found at $102½, and in some instances we learn 105 has been offered and refused.—*Char. Ev. Post.*

The Louisiana Courier of the 10th inst. says: The Cholera has been on the increase in our ill fated city for several weeks past—it spares neither old nor young, rich nor poor—almost all fall victims to its rapacity—like a thief in the night it attacks, and generally succeeds in carrying off its victims—and medical aid is almost tried in vain—but we hope the heavy rains which have fallen for the last two days will have a tendency to check, if not entirely disperse this direful malady. The number of interments in the Catholic and Protestant Burying Grounds for the last two days, are as follows:

Catholic.		*Protestant.*	
8th June,	52	8th June,	23
9th June,	58	9th June,	12

The life of Lord Foley, recently deceased, was insured for 200,000£ sterling. It is said, that this is the severest blow which the London Life Insurance Companies have experienced, since the death of the elder members of the present Royal family. The affairs of Lord Foley, being greatly embarrassed, it is probable this Insurance was effected on account of his creditors.

The Jewelry store of Mr. L. Muh, in Chartres street, New Orleans, was entered during the night of the 8th inst. and articles to the amount of 18,000 dollars stolen therefrom.

Messrs. Editors: Knowing the luxury of a good razor, and the tortures of a bad one, I send for the benefit of your numerous bearded readers, the subjoined recipe.

Easy mode of fine edging razors.—On the rough side of a strap of leather or on the undressed calf skin binding of a book, rub a piece of tin, or a common pewter spoon, for half a minute, or till the leather becomes glossy with the metal. If the razor be passed over this leather about half a dozen times, it will acquire a finer edge than by any other method.—*Mechanics' Magazine.*

MARRIED,

In this town, on the 13th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Crook, Mr. JOSIAH EVANS, Jr. to Miss JANE C. BRANSON, daughter of the late Nathan Branson, Esq.

COMMUNICATED.

Like as a tale that's quickly told,
Our years on earth we spend;
From stage to stage we travel on
Till life's short journey end.
How short, how fleeting, and how vain
The years of mortals seem;
Like the fleet night, they soon are gone,
And vanish like a dream.
And like a tale that's quickly told,
Our days on earth we spend;
Nor stop in all our rapid course,
Till life's short journey end.

Departed this life on the 24th inst., at the house of Mr. Henry Sedberry, after a severe illness of 15 days, Miss MARY ANN ANDERSON, aged 19 years. She was partially obscure in life, but He who came to seek and save the lost, and to preach the Gospel to the poor, knew her; and as she had sought and obtained an evidence of pardon through Christ, and had been from that time exemplary as a Christian, so was she triumphant in death. Her pains were most excruciating, but "patience had its perfect work," and having suffered with Christian fortitude and resignation, her soul was released from this clog of mortality about half past 5 o'clock A. M., in sure and certain hope of *future bliss.*

"Happy soul, thy days are ended,
All thy mourning days below;
Go, by angel-guards attended,
To the sight of Jesus go.
Waiting to receive thy spirit,
Lo! the Saviour stands above;
Shows the purchase of his merit,
Reaches out the crown of love.
Thy languishing head is at rest,
Its thinking and acting are o'er;
This quiet, immovable breast,
Is heav'd by affliction no more;
This heart is no longer the seat
Of trouble and torturing pain;
It ceases to flutter and beat,
It never shall flutter again." W.

Fayetteville, June 24. 1833.

DIED,

On Friday the 14th inst., Mrs. CLARK, wife of Kenneth Clark, sen. of Moore County, in the 56th year of her age.

Mrs. Clark, at an early period of life, embraced the Lord Jesus Christ, attached herself to the Presbyterian Church, and uniformly adorned her profession by a walk and conversation becoming the Gospel. For several years past, her body was the subject of suffering, but her mind was the receptacle of joy. On being interrogated respecting her hope, she pointed to a Crucified Saviour; on being asked as to her desire, she pointed to Heaven. The source of her joy was, she said, the love of God in Christ Jesus. Her anchor of hope was cast within the veil, she was not dismayed by the temptations of Satan, the last struggles of remaining corruption, or the horrors of death. During her protracted illness, she was supported by Faith and Hope, and now we have reason to believe, her hope is swallowed up in enjoyment, and her faith in fruition. On the day previous to her death, when very low and scarcely able to articulate, she was asked by a christian friend, if she wished to engage with him in praise and prayer; with emphatic earnestnes she replied, "you know I do." Her last moments were marked with tranquility and composure. In her, to die was gain. In the death of this individual, the visible Church has lost a faithful, zealous and devoted member; an aged husband has been bereft of a tender and affectionate partner of his cares; and a numerous family of children, have been deprived of one who felt deeply solicitous for their temporal and eternal happiness.—COMMUNICATED.

June 16th, 1833.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVED, 21st inst. Steamer John Walker, Capt. Rothwell, the Henry Clay in tow, with Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Lime, Salt, Dry Goods, Hardware, &c. for Willkings & Co. Joseph Baker, Jas. Baker, J. W. Powers, J. W. Cochran, Benj. Rush, J. Huske & Son, James Martine, Geo. McNeill, J. M. Dobbin, Nott & Starr, A. McLauchlin, E. J. Hale, Jer. Kyle, T. Sandford & Co. E. L. & W. Winslow, W. Whitehead, John McRae, Jones Fuller, P. Pearce, C. T. Haigh, J. Crusoe, Hall & Johnson, G. W. Ragland & Co. G. Burbutt, H. Horn, I. Blake & Son, W. McIntyre, Gardner & McKethan, J. C. Latta and Jas. Potter, of this place, and Isaac Burns, R. Moore, G. Moore, Jno. Waddell, L. Cameron, F. Swann, E. Mitchell, J. Clemmons, T. McFarland, D. Gould, W. F. Phifer, J. C. McLeran, O. F. Long, C. J. Moorman, J. Hicks, J. Walker, J. Cowles, C. W. & E. R. Harris, B. Clemmons, S. Lemly & Son, G. Brown, Simonton & Conner, Rev. A. Norman, Mrs. Waddill, Rev. D. Derrick and Mrs. Primrose, of the interior.

Port of Wilmington.

Arrived up to June 19.

Brigs, Holly from Boston, Statira from New York, Mentos from Philadelphia, Iko from Boston. Schrs., Regulus from New York, Caleb Nichols from do., Susan and Louisa, from Virginia.

Fayetteville Market.—Brandy, peach, 55 a 60. Do. apple, 45 a 50. Bacon, new, 7 a 7½. Beeswax 17 a 17½. Coffee 12½ a 15.—Cotton, new, 10½ a 11 62½. Corn 65 a 68. Flaxseed, $1. Flour, cross 4, fine 4½, sup. 4¾. Feathers 32 a 35. Iron 4½ a 5½. Molasses 32 a 33. Nails, cut, 6⅜ a 6¾. Sugar, brown, 7½ a 9½; Lump 14; Loaf 15 a 18. Salt 65 a 75. Wheat 80 a 85. Whiskey 30 a 35. Tobacco, (leaf) 3½ a 5½.

Negroes to Hire.

ALL the Negro Property belonging to the Estate of David Smith, deceased, will be hired at the Market House, on the first day of July, until the first of January. By order of the Guardian.

ELIZABETH SMITH, *Ex'rx.*

June 19 38 1w

Notice.

I DO hereby forewarn all persons from trading for two Notes, drawn in favour of Jonathan Evans, Administrator of Isaac Newberry, son deceased. One note for $313 18, dated 6th February, 1819, and one other for $89, dated 6th May, 1819, which notes have been transferred by said Administrator, to Jesse Newberry, as I have paid them already, and am determined not to pay them again. MARTHA NEWBERRY.

June 18, 1833. 28 2w.

A Servant Woman

TO hire, who may be considered a good cook. Apply to

C. P. MALLETT

June 24, 1833. 38tf.

A PIANO FORTE for sale. Apply to

C. P. MALLETT.

June 24, 1833. 38tf.

Just Received and for Sale,

40 Barrels MACKEREL, No. 3,
8 half barrels do, No. 2,
75 kegs Nails.

By W. WHITEHEAD.

June 25. 1833.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT I have constituted and appointed Anson Bailey my true and lawful Attorney for the collection of all debts due me, and to grant discharges for the same; and all persons having any demands against me will present them to said Bailey for settlement.

JAS. McKEOWN.

June 17, 1833. 38 3w.

Further Notice.

THE Subscriber being duly appointed Agent and Attorney in fact for the settlement of the business of James McKeown, requires all those indebted to said James McKeown himself, to come forward and settle the same immediately or their Accounts and Notes will, on the first of July next, be placed in the hands of an officer indiscriminately, for collection.

ANSON BAILEY.

June 18, 1833. 38 3w

Sugar and Coffee.

JUST RECEIVED BY STEAMER JOHN WALKER,

10 Hhds. Porto Rico and New Orleans Sugar,
50 bags green Coffee, for sale by

THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

June 24. 38 tf

NEW BOOKS.

JUST received, Tale of Altroy, by author of Vivian Grey, &c.; Our Island; Wacousta, a Tale; Reminiscenses of Spain; Biography of good Women; Stanly Buxton; Memoirs of the Duchess of St Leu; Frankinstein; Zorab; Stuart's 3 years in North America; Verplanck's Discourses; Rosine Laval, by the author of Swallow Barn; Elder's Letters on Nat Philosophy, being Nos 55 and 56 of Harper's Fam. Library; Chronology, key to History, and Statistics; Smith & Dwight's Travels in Armenia; No. 1 to No. 6 Scott's Novels, at the very low price of 37½ cts each Novel; Nos. 9, 10 and 11 Boys' and Girls' Library, containing American History; Chalmer's Works; Dick's Christian Philosophy; Watson's &c. Evidences of Christianity; Brittan's Apology; Saint's Pocket Book; Pulpit Assistant; Washington Irving's Works; Irving's Columbus; Life of Livingston; Life of Milton; Manual Labor Report; Abbott's Natural History; Phillips, Curran and Grattan; Memoirs of Duchess d'Abrantes; Blackall on Dropsy; Paris Pharmacologia; Faithorn on Liver; Hall on Blood Letting; Smith on Fevers; Wood and Bache's American Dispensatory; Thompson on Inflammation; Gould's Pleadings; Ainsworth's Dictionary; Grove's Greek and English do; Boy's Book; Girl's Book; New York Reader, parts 1 and 2; Parley's Home; Child's Friend; Irving's Catechism of History; Child's Book on the Soul; Dictionary Spelling Book; Symbolical Primers; Union Bible Questions, Flute Music, &c. For sale by

E. J. HALE.

June 25, 1833

To a Baker

WHO understands the Baking Business, and is of good habits, and can come well recommended, will hear of a desirable situation, for which he can have the cash weekly or monthly.

H. S. McINTYRE & CO.

Bennettsville, S. C., June 22 38 3t.

Take Notice.

I FOREWARN all persons from trading for a Note dated about the 30th May last, for Thirty-two Dollars and fifty Cents, given to Levine Wood, as I am determined not to pay twenty-eight Dollars of the amount, it having been obtained of me in a fraudulent manner.

C. A. TUTON.

June 24, 1833. 38 3w.

CHEAP PAPER,

For sale at the Fayetteville Book Store.

Cotton.—It has been ascertained that the stock of Cotton in Charleston. Savannah and Augusta, was, on the 1st of this month, 59,227 bales less than at the same period last year, and that the exports were, up to the same time, 23,935 bales less than last year: making a total deficiency, up to date, as compared with last season, of 83,160 bales.

Geo. Const.

A public sale of Chinese Mulberry Trees took place lately at New York. There were 5000 of them, and to prevent monopoly and speculation, no single purchaser was allowed a privilege of more than 500. The object was to diffuse, to as great an extent as possible, the advantages of possessing this kind of mulberry, which is said to be more highly valued in the silk culture than the common mulberry.

Some of the Northern papers intimate that the object of the President's visit to New England, is, to prosecute a *suit*, he has there, in the court of Cupid; that he was assaulted last winter in Washington City, by a pair of irresistible eyes, and that a surrender at discretion, or with the honours of war, at least, is expected of him. Now if this be founded in fact, we acknowledge the entire propriety of his being accompanied by his friend the Vice President.

Statistics relative to the U. S. Gold—The amount of the comage effected at the U. States Mint in Philadelphia, within the last year, was $3,401,055; gold, $798,435; silver, $2,579,000; cents, $23,620; of the gold coined, about $80,000 were derived from Mexico, South America, and the West Indies; $28,900 from Africa; and $678,000 from the gold region in the Southern States.

The gold mines in North Carolina, supplied the Mint the last year with $458,000. The total amount for the last ten years from that State is $1,913,000. Georgia, for the last year, supplied $140,000; Virginia, $34,000; South Carolina, $45,000; Tennessee; $1,000.

The production of only one half of the mines in the Southern States is supposed to find its way to the mint—the other half being exported uncoined, or employed in the arts. According to this estimate, the product of the gold found in the United States during the last year, was not less than a million and a quarter of dollars.

The gold mines of North Carolina produced, then, during the last year, about $916,000. In 1829 the product was only $268,000; in 1830, $408,000; and in 1831, $588,000; showing an increase the last year of $328,000.

From the Frederick (Md.) Herald of Saturday

The Rail Road having been completed in Market Street, our merchants in the northern section of the city have already availed themselves of its advantages. The first car laden with Dry Goods, Groceries, &c. from Baltimore passed our office on Wednesday last at about half past 10 o'clock, A. M. consigned to T. Carlton & Co. and in a few hours after, two cars containing Flour, were forwarded by Mr J. Brunner, from *Paris** to Baltimore—one of which bore this inscription:—"*Best Paris Flour, bound, via Rail Road, to Liverpool.*" The business having thus fairly commenced, we sincerely hope the introduction of the Rail Road into the city will realize those advantages which have been so confidently predicted.

On Monday next, as we have been informed, the passenger cars will start from the stone house in Market street, situated a few doors below the office of the "Herald"—an arrangement which will greatly contribute to the comfort of travellers.

*That section of Market-street, well known in this city for the politeness and politics of its residents.

The Correspondent of the Portland Advertiser thus commences one of his letters.

Warm Springs, (Va.) May 17.

The next curiosity we met with, was the Burning Spring, a few miles from Charleston. The stage stopped at a shop on the road—and the driver pointed to an old field, and told us there were the Burning Springs. I saw no springs, but after hunting a little while, I saw something resembling a mud-puddle bubbling as if boiled with a great fire underneath. It was to me a new and interesting spectacle. There was around it a strong sulphurous odor. A fellow passenger took out his cigar match, and kindled a newspaper, which he threw with great caution into the spring, dodging it as if the world was to be set on fire. The flame caught rapidly, though it was not very strong, nor very large, but every bubble took fire, and the flame skipped over the little waves, and danced from bubble to bubble. I could have looked at it for hours, but the stage driver sounded his horn—it was evening, and we were soon shut up in our stage prison.

From the Western Freeman Shelbyville Tenn May 28.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Whereas my husband Benjamin has advertised me as having left his bed and board—but as he has no *bed nor board*, (he having made over his property to his children with a view of starving me,) he has now left me, to shift for myself the second time. This is therefore to forewarn all persons from harboring him, until he provides for my maintenance, and give security for that and his good behaviour.

To all good people who wants him described,
To running away he has long been addicted;
He deserted his country, being scared at a ball,
And ran home the greatest hero of all.
For such service as this he obained a pension,
How well he deserved it I need not mention;
But one thing for all I needs must acknowledge,
He's the worst husband God ever made to my knowledge.

SUSANNA CARSON.

FRESH GOODS.

JUST receiving by the Steamers John Walker and Henrietta, a fresh supply of SHOES, &c. *viz.*

Ladies' fine prunella Slips,
Ditto do kid do.
Ditto do seal do.
Misses' do cloth and kid do.
Children's morocco Bootees,
Ditto do ancle tie,
Ditto do cloth and morocco,
Ditto fine calf Bootees,—*Also,*
Mens' and Boys' lined & bound Brogans & Shoes,

HATS.

Gentlemen's fine black fur Hats,
Ditto do white do do.
1 case silk finish, a beautiful article, and common.

TRAVELLING TRUNKS.

A few travelling Trunks, for sale Cheap.

CHAIRS, &c.

20 dozen Windsor Chairs,
8 do raised seat,
2 do raised seat rocking.

All the above will be sold on very reasonable terms at wholesale or retail, South corner of Market Square, by

L. R. BRADLEY.

Fayetteville, April 29, 1833. 30tf.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE Subscriber respectfully announces to his friends and the public, that he is now receiving at his Store, on the North corner of the Market Square, a very extensive assortment of Seasonable GOODS, selected in New York and Philadelphia, from the latest importations—His stock is now unusually complete, embracing a great variety of *Seasonable, Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Hardware, Cutlery, China, Crockery, Glass Ware, &c.,*

All of which will be offered by wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms. Country Merchants and retail Purchasers generally, are invited to examine his assortment, which comprizes in part, *The following, viz:*

Super blue, black and mix Saxony CLOTHS,
Extra super blue and black London ditto
Do ditto green, claret, brown and olive, do.
Do ditto dark Oxford and light mixt, do.
Superfine black, drab and buff Cassimere,
Do black, brown and green crape Camlet, a beautiful article for gentlemen's wear,
Princetta & Brochella, black, blue, green & brown,
Fine black and light mixt Erminett and merino Cassimere,
Black Lasting and Goat's hair blue Camlet, a superior article,
Rowen Cassimere, printed Stormonts, blue and yellow Nankeens,
White Satteen, imperial and Cantoon Cord, Beaverteens and Moleskin, plain and striped,
White and brown Jeans and Drillings, some very superior—French Linen,
A large assortment of Valencia, Marseilles, silk Velvet, light and dark, plain and figured Vestings, some very handsome,
Irish Linens, in whole and demi pieces, & Long Lawn, unusually cheap,
English, Scotch and French Ginghams, newest style, a great variety, & some really beautiful,
An extensive selection of English and American Calicoes and Prints, some choice styles, very cheap,
Some beautiful 4-4 French Muslins, a splendid new article for Ladies' Dresses,
Super 6-4 French Bombazine and India Pongees
Black, brown, green, crimson and scarlet Bombazetts,
Green, scarlet and crimson Moreens, very cheap,
A great variety of silks including the most fashionable colors,
Favaroni's and Matteoni's best Italian Lutstring,
Peu-de-Soi, a new and rich article—black, white and colored Satins,
Extra rich heavy India black Satin, Levantine, Sinchews and Sarsnets,
Green and brown Sarsnet for Calashes, and bordered do for umbrella covering,
Green, white, pink, blue and straw colored Florences, extremely low,
Striped and watered Satins and Gros-de-Naps, very rich, for Ladies' Bonnets,
A great variety of Ladies' silk Shawls & Hdkffs.
Some beautiful Hernani, d ditto,
Linen Cambric do. plain and bordered—fine Linen Cambric and Bishop Lawns,
Plain and figured Book, Swiss, Jaconet & Mull Muslins, checked and barred,
4-4 & 6-4 Cambric, fine and common—Furniture Dimity and Table Napkins,
Gentlemen's heavy Bandanna and Pongee Handkerchiefs, cheap,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's silk and cotton Hosiery,
Do. do Gloves, & Gentlemen's thread do & Socks,
A large assortment of Ladies' Prunella, Morocco, Seal and Leather Shoes,
Ditto Gentlemen's fine Shoes and Bootees, cheap,
Gentlemen's fine beaver Hats, fashionable shape,
Youths' ditto, and Caps,
Ladies' Parasols and sun Umbrellas, some very beautiful, with ivory carved handles,
Gentlemen's silk and cotton do. of superior finish,
Do. fashionable Stocks, white and black Satin and Bombazine, a great variety & cheap,
Leghorn and Dunstable Bonnets, latest style,
Bonnet Ribbons, belt do. and Taffetas, a variety,
Lace Veils, super blond gauze do., and green Barege,
3-4, 4-4, 5-4, & 6-4 brown and bleached Shirtings and Sheetings, cheap,
Fine Irish Sheetings, Russia Diaper and Sheetings,
A large assortment of Brazilian tuck & side Combs,
Some beautiful shell do., plain do and carved,
Perfumery, Essences, Macassar Oil, Otto of Roses, Pungents, Powder Puffs, Vestimental Soap, indellible Ink, German Cologne, &c. &c.
An extensive assortment of Hardware and fine Cutlery,
A variety of fine pen and pocket Knives, Ladies' best steel Scissors,
A large assortment of Crockery Ware, some elegant sets of China,
Saddlery, &c., Gig, Riding and Sportsmen's Whips, some very elegant,

Together with a great variety of other articles entirely too tedious to be enumerated; all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for cash.

ARCH'D CAMPBELL.

Fayetteville, N. C. April 16, 1833. 28tf.

Lumber.

75,000 Feet of LUMBER, consisting of wide quarter Boards, and Scantling of different sizes, for sale by the Subscriber, who will keep a constant supply of the various kinds at his Lumber Yard on Cool Spring street.

M. McGARY.

Fayetteville, April 22, 1833 29tf.

Mill Saws.

THE Subscriber has just received a few dozen Rowland's MILL SAWS of extra thickness, manufactured expressly for this market.

ARCH'D CAMPBELL.

April 16, 1833. 28tf.

Soap.

50 BOXES No. 1. bar *SOAP*, just received by Steamer John Walker, for sale by

A. KIMBALL.

For Sale—*For Cash or Produce,*

6 Hhds. N. O. and Porto Rico SUGAR,
10 Bags Coffee,
50 Kegs cut Nails, assorted, from 4d to 20d.
Castings, a handsome assortment,
Heavy Trace Chains, Axes, Shovels, Cotton and Wool Cards, Wagon boxes, Swedes and English Iron, Copperas, Saltpetre, Madder, Indigo, &c.

—ALSO—

AN ASSORTMENT OF STAPLE

Dry Goods,

MEN'S CLOAKS.

1000 bushels Liverpool and Alum SALT.

JOHN MUNN.

December 4, 1832. §9-tf.§

Notice to Travellers,

FARE REDUCED.

THE Charleston Mail Coach, via Lumberton, Marion Court House, and Georgetown, leaves the Planter's Hotel every day at 2 o'clock P. M.

This Line has been greatly improved by the addition of new Coaches and several Teams of Horses. The time so arranged that Godfrey's Ferry and Pee Dee Swamp are crossed by day light: the Houses of accommodation are good.

Fare through $18 Apply for Seats, or further information, at the Planter's Hotel.

A. DOUGLASS, *Agent for the Proprietor.*

N. B. All Baggage and Parcels at the risk of the owners.

December 10 10tf.

Travelling Trunks and Bags.

JUST received an assortment of Leather TRAVELLING TRUNKS and BAGS.

For sale by

A. KIMBALL.

November 13. §6-tf.§

JEREMIAH KYLE, Jr.

HAVING purchased the entire stock of GOODS of James Kyle, intends to continue the

Dry Goods,

Hardware & Grocery

Business, at the old Stand formerly occupied by James Kyle, where he will be receiving new Goods by every arrival from New York and Philadelphia. The former customers of James Kyle, and all others wishing to purchase Goods by *WHOLESALE* or *RETAIL*, will please call and examine for themselves.

March 25, 1833

SUGAR, COFFEE, &C.

Just received per Steamer Jno. Walker.

20 Hhds. N. O. and Porto Rico SUGAR,
50 bags Rio and Laguira Coffee,
20 barrels N. E. Rum,
20 do. unslacked Lime.

WILLKINGS & CO.

March 25, 1833. 25tf.

FOR SALE, at Wilmington,

400 sacks of 4½ bushels each of Liverpool SALT.
6000 bushels Turks Island Salt,
25 hhds. Porto Rico Sugar,
10 ditto, New Orleans,
80 ditto, Martinique Molasses, very good,
25 bbls 4th proof Monongohela Spirits,
100 bags Cuba Coffee,
100 kegs White Lead.

LAZARUS & WHITMARSH.

Janaary 11, 1833. 15-tf.

Notice.

THE undersigned having sold his Stock of Goods to Mr. Wm. D. Clark, together with the remainder of the term of rent for his stand, those having claims against the undersigned will please present them for settlement, and those indebted to him will be good enough to call and settle the same. He will be found, during business hours, at the Counting Room of Mr. Clark

A. W. HORTON.

Fayetteville, February 25, 1833. 22tf

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL.

IN addition to his former Stock, is now receiving and offers for sale at his Store, North corner of Market Square, the following, viz:

75 bags prime green COFFEE,
35 hhds. St. Croix, Porto Rico and N. O. Sugar,
Imperial Gunpowder, Souchong and Young Hyson Tea, in half and quarter chests and canisters, suitable for families,
30 barrels double refined loaf and lump Sugar,
5 do. Louisiana refined ditto,
Choice old Madeira, Sherry, Teneriffe, L. P. and Sicily Madeira, old Muscat and Malaga - - - } WINES,
Superior old Port, Champaigne and Claret,
Old Cognac Brandy (Seignette brand) in pipes and quarter casks, *pure*,
Holland Gin, (Swan brand) old Jamaica Rum and Monongahela Whiskey, of excellent flavor,
15 hhds. N. E Rum,
40 boxes fresh Raisins, bunch and bloom, some in half and quarter boxes,
Soft shell Almonds, Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, Cayenne Pepper, race Ginger, Cinnamon, Pimento, sweet Oil, superior fresh Mustard in canisters, pearl Barley, &c.
London and Philadelphia Brown Stout Porter, in pint and quart bottles,
Stoughton's Bitters, fresh Lime Juice and Lemon Sirup,
Sweet Chocolate and fine Salt in boxes,
Demijohns assorted sizes, wine and porter Bottles,
100 kegs cut Nails and Brads, assorted sizes from 3d to 40d.
Dupont's Powder, bar Lead and Shot,
75 boxes mould candles, Spermaceti do.
50 sides sole Leather, some small sizes,
10,000 Spanish Segars, Saunders's best chewing Tobacco,
Scotch and Maccaboy Snuff in bottles,
3 ceroons Indigo, Chalk, Copperas, yellow Ochre, Spanish Brown and White,
Saltpetre, Alum, Spirits of Turpentine, Lamp Black, &c. &c. &c.

Fayetteville, N. C., April 16, 1833. 28tf.

Nails.

Just received from the Boston Iron Company.

100 kegs NAILS, assorted, from 4d to 20d.

For sale by

THO SANDFORD & CO.

February 19. 20tf.

Cape Fear Navigation Company.

DIVIDEND NUMBER 9.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a Dividend of two per cent., or one Dollar per Share, on the Capital Stock of said Company, will be paid at the Office of the Treasurer, on the 10th of April next.

GEO. McNEILL, Agent and Treasurer.

Fayetteville, March 19, 1833. 24tf

NEW SPRING GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now receiving his Spring supply of FANCY DRY GOODS, &c. direct from New York and Philadelphia, which he offers for sale at his usual low prices for cash.

H. CAMPBELL, Jr.

Fayetteville, Feb. 26. 21tf.

Beef.

A FEW half Barrels *MESS BEEF*, put up expressly for family use, for sale by

A. KIMBALL.

JACKSON HOTEL.

Liberty Point,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE Subscriber tenders his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal encouragement he has heretofore received, and hopes by unceasing assiduity, to merit a greater portion of patronage. He takes pleasure in stating, that he has just erected a splendid Hotel on the spot where he formerly lived. His table, as usual, shall be supplied with the luxuries of the market, and his Bar furnished with Liquors and Wines, not inferior to any Public House in the place. His Stables are also new, well supplied with the best provender, and attended by carefuland skillful Ostlers. His charges will be moderate.

WADDLE CADE.

November 27, 1832. 1-8tf.

CHEAP AND NEW GOODS.

D. MURCHISON,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the Public, that he has just received from New York, a general assortment of

DRY GOODS,

HATS, SHOES, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY WARE, GROCERIES, &c, which he offers cheap for Cash, at his Store in Mac Rae's new Brick Buildings, corner Store, west of R. Maynard & Co.'s Medicine Store.

Oct. 8. 1-tf

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having large and commodious Warehouses in a convenient part of town, and so situated as to be almost entirely out of all danger by fire, would attend to any business connected with the above line on the usual terms, and hopes, by reason of the advantages he may possess in point of security against that destructive element, and his own exertions to give general satisfaction in all cases where business is entrusted to him, to receive a share of public patronage.

HENRY HORN.

N. B. Country Merchants and others consigning Goods and Packages to my care from any of the Northern Cities, or any part of the Country, will meet with prompt attention in having them forwarded to any part of the State or the adjoining counties

Fayetteville Jan. 1. 1833. (13tf.) H. H.

25 Kegs cut NAILS assorted from 4d to 20d, just received and for sale by

J. MUNN.

March 13. 71tf.

NEW STORE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has taken the Store lately erected by Mr. Hooper, on the south side of Person street, a few doors east of Market Square, where he is now receiving and intends keeping constantly on hand, a good supply of the following articles.

Prime green COFFEE,
St. Croix, Porto Rico and N. Orleans SUGAR,
Liverpool and Alum Salt,
Swedes and English Iron,
German and Blister Steel,
Molasses, Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
Nails, Powder, Shot and Lead,
Castings, Axes, Spades and Shovels,
Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope and Twine,
Trace Chains, Halters and Weeding Hoes,
Drugs and Medicines,
Loaf and lump Sugar, Copperas,
Window Glass and Putty; Bellows, Anvils, Vises,
Sole and upper Leather,

DRY GOODS,

CROCKERY, HATS AND SHOES.

COTTON AND WOOL CARDS, &c. &c.

Without further enumeration, his Stock comprises an assortment particularly adapted to the country trade, all of which he is disposed to sell at fair prices for cash or country produce, for which he will at all times pay the highest market prices.

WILL. O. JEFFREYS.

N. B.—Any Commission Business will also meet with prompt attention. W. O. J.

October 9. 1-tf.

Sugar and Coffee.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

ST. Croix and New Orleans SUGARS, in hhds.
Porto-Rico ditto, in bbls.
5 bags sup. old white COFFEE, for family use.

JOHN MUNN.

April 17. 76tf.

FRESH LIME.

200 Casks fresh Thomastown Stone LIME, Just received, and for sale by

THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Fayetteville, Dec. 18, 1832. 11-tf.

HADLOCK'S

Vegetable Powder for Diseases of the Lungs.

For sale at the Book Store of E. J. HALE.

The Subscriber

HAS just received on consignment, and offers for sale, Person street,

100 Casks fresh Thomastown LIME,
6 Hhds. good MOLASSES.

WILL. O. JEFFREYS.

December 10, 1832.

12,000 Lbs. prime green Coffee,
10 hhds. Sugar,
10 do. Molasses,

Just received and for sale low for cash or country produce, by HENRY HORN.

January 15. 15-tf.

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having *for the present*, opened an Office at his Dwelling House, on the corner of Dick and Russell streets, and provided himself with Warehouses in Campbellton, is prepared to carry on his business as usual.

All kinds of Produce received and sold or forwarded as may be directed. Goods and Merchandize received and forwarded, together with all other business appertaining to a general commission agency.

He will also attend to the offering for discount, renewal and payment of notes at the different Banks in this place, *to which branch of his business he will pay particular attention*, and flatters himself, that from his general knowledge of the business of the place, he will be able to give satisfaction to his employers.

JOSEPH BAKER

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having commenced the above business, solicits a share of patronage. All kinds of Produce received and sold or forwarded as may be directed. Goods and Merchandize received and forwarded, together with all other business appertaining to a general Commission Agency.

DANIEL DICKSON.

Wilmington, N. C. Sept. 21st 1832. 99-tf.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

P. DALLEY,

IS now receiving from New York and Philadelphia, his Fall and Winter supply of Goods, which consists of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware & Cutlery,

HATS, SHOES, IRON, HOLLOW WARE, &c. &c. &c.

All of which he will sell on the most reasonable terms. Country Merchants and others, are invited to call and examine for themselves.

N. B. A good assortment of ANCHOR BOLTING CLOTHS, kept constantly on hand.

15th Oct., 1832. 2-tf

IMPORTANT

To Physicians, and Dealers in Medicines.

R. MAYNARD & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

Person-Street, opposite Willkings & Co.,

ARE now receiving a large and general Assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, DYE STUFFS, & HATTERS' MATERIALS, &c. Their Stock is by far the largest that has ever been offered in this Market, and which they warrant to be genuine, and are determined to sell at the lowest possible terms. Physicians and Country Merchants are invited to call and examine their stock. Orders will be promptly attended to. Prescriptions from Physicians put up at the shortest notice.

Oct. 1. 800-tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Rail Road.

PURSUANT to the provisions of an Act of the Legislature of North Carolina, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Cape Fear and Yadkin Rail Road Company," the undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the said Act, *Give Notice*, That Books for Subscription to the Capital Stock of the said Company will be opened at the Court House on Tuesday the 8th instant, and continued open at the Bank of Cape Fear in Fayetteville, after that day until farther notice.

DUNCAN MAC RAE,
J. W. WRIGHT,
JOHN H. HALL,
ROBERT STRANGE,
ALEXANDER ELLIOTT. } Commissioners.

Fayetteville, May 7, 1832 79tf

FOR SALE,

119 KEGS WHITE LEAD, warranted pure,
102 Gall. Lamp Oil,
2000 lbs. Glauber Salts, 900 lbs. Epsom,
200 lbs. Chloride Lime,
1 bale Hops,
1 carboy Aquafortis,
1 do Sulphuric Acid,
7 Hampers Black Bottles,
Linseed, Train and Sweet Oil,
Glass 8x10 and 10x12, Putty in bladders,
Ink Powder and Liquid Ink, Maynard & Noyes',
Red and coloured wafers,
Syrup Sassaparilla and Liverwort,
Swaim's Panacea, (genuine,)
Indelible Ink,
Maccassar and Bear's Oil, (genuine,)
Peppermint and Boneset Lozenges,
Chlorine Tooth-wash, a very superior article for cleansing the Teeth, (genuine,)
Osborne's Superior Water Colours, in Maple and Mahogony Boxes,
Superior Hair, Clothes, Hatter's, Paint and White-wash Brushes,
Surgeon and Dentist Instruments, superior quality,
Hull's, Eberlee's and common Trusses,
Shop Furniture, Crucibles, Retorts, and evaporating Dishes,
Patent Medicines, (a large assortment.)

ALSO,

Almonds, Raisins, Filberts & English Walnuts.

R. MAYNARD & CO.

October 2. 800-tf.

NOTICE.

MR. DANIEL SUTHERLAND, is constituted my Agent for the collection of all Notes and Accounts due to me, with instructions to proceed indiscriminately, by legal process, against all who fail to pay on first application.

WM. L. HAWLEY.

I OFFER for sale at my Store, three doors East of Market Square, Person-st., wholesale or retail,—

Sole and Upper Leather,
Skirting and Harness do.
Hog Skins,
Best Philadelphia Calf Skins,
Cochineal, Blue and Black Coach Lining Skins,
Facing, Padding and Shoe Lining Skins,
Common and Coarse Shoes, by the Case or retail,
Fine and Wool Hats,
Shoe Thread, and Black Varnish,
Men's Shoe Lasts, assorted,

Together with a general assortment of Groceries.

Sugar and Coffee.

JUST received, by the late arrivals, the following GOODS

Which we offer on very accommodating terms:—

10 Hhds. Porto Rico and New Orleans Sugars, bright and a good grain,
3 do. and 10 bbls. Copperas,
2 do. Jamaica 4th proof Rum,
30 bags high scented Rio Coffee,
20 do. Porto Rico do.,
35 do. St. Domingo do.,
10 bbls. Jamaica do.,
10 Bags Pepper and Spice,
5 quarter Cassia Sweet Malaga Wine,
5 do. Marseilles Madeira do.,
3 do. Teneriffe do.,
50 Kegs Cut Nails, assorted,
20 bbls. N. E. Rum,
10 do. Apple Brandy, very prime,
Cotton Bagging, Saltpetre, Alum and Madder.

WILLKINGS & CO.

Fayetteville, October 22, 1832. [3 tf]

Just Received,

10 Hhds. prime SUGAR,
15 bags COFFEE,
60 kegs Nails and Brads,
200 sacks Liverpool Salt,
25 barrels Mackerel,
25 half bbls. do.
5000 lbs. choice Bacon, for sale by

CASWELL S. BRAY.

July 10. 88-tf

Just received from New York,

And for sale at E. J. Hale's Book Store,

(THE ONLY AGENT FOR FAYETTEVILLE,)

MORRISON'S PILLS,

The Hygeian Universal Medicine of the British College of health,

Which, by removing all obstructions in the Intestines; thoroughly cleansing the Bowels; giving more purity to the Blood, and thereby promoting its *free circulation*; strikes at the root of all Diseases, and is good in all cases, giving rest, appetite and strength. Price one dollar a Packet.

New Spring G...

THE Subscribers are this day rec... their Spring supplies of

Staple and Fancy Dry ...
Ready Made CLOTH...
HARDWARE & CUT...
HATS and SHO...

HATTER'S TRIMMINGS, S... of all descriptions, &c. &c., the wh... expected in a few days, and which ... more general assortment than ever ... at *wholesale* in this market.

With a view of making the Stock ... tention of Dealers generally, the ... been made this Spring, much mo... having been selected with care a... terms, they flatter themselves they ... to offer inducements making it wo... of their friends and the public gener... they invite their attention.

HALL & ...

In Store,

110 Hhds prime retailing MO...
25,000 lbs prime green C...
300 kegs Nails,
Bar, hoop and sheet Iron,
Iron, brass and steel Wi...
Dye Stuffs and Paints,

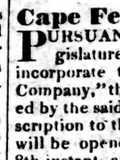
Together with a very general assor... ry article in the Grocery Line.

HALL & ...

April 21, 1833.

Boot & Shoe Manuf...

PELEG PEA...



Respectfully offe... to his friends and ... for the very liberal ... he has received the... informs them that he still remain... Stand on Gillespie street, where ... a general assortment of

BOOTS AND SH...

Which he will sell low for cash. ... ceived from Philadelphia, a good ... ther of the best kind, which will ... ecute all orders in the neatest and ... manner, at short notice. All kin... done on reasonable terms.

Fayetteville, April 9.

NEW GOO...

C. P. MALLETT has just rece... & WINTER GOODS, ... part of

Super & common Cloths, Cassimeres, ...
Domestic Sheetings and Shirtings, ...
Cotton Yarn, No. 5 to 10, ...
Dorchester Bedtick, ...
Domestic Ginghams, ...
French do., a variety of patterns, ...
Rowen Cassimere and Cantoon Cords, ...
Light fancy Calicoes and Prints, ...
Linen cambric and cotton Hdkffs. ...
Fancy palmerine and gauze do. ...
A general assortment of Drillings, ...
White, buff, and fancy Merseilles, ...
Circassian and Bombazets, ...
Cotton Ferrets and quality Binding, ...
No. 1, 2, 3 weeding Hoes, ...
Gilburt's and Taylor's Axes, ...
Hooks and Hinges—Trace Chains, ...
A good assortment of stock, plate ... and Latches, ...
Chest, drawer, cupboard and pa... collection.
Knives and Forks, and pocket K...
A general assortment of Carpe... 18, 1833.
Cotton and Manilla Cordage, ...
A supply of fine Hats, Shoes and ...
Saddles, Bridles and Valisses, ...
Seidlitz and soda Powders, ...
Dye Stuffs, Paints and Putty, ...
Brown, fancy and maple Soap, ...
Opodeldoc, Preston Salts and Rose, ...
Cocoa, Mace, Cloves, and Cinnamon, ...
Race and ground Ginger, ...
Pine apple Cheese, ...
Bunch and bloom Raisins, ...
Window Glass 8x10 and 10x12, ...
Dupont's Powder, Lead and Shot, ...
Imperial and Hyson Teas, ...
Loaf and brown Sugar, ...
Coffee, Molasses, Salt, Iron, &c. ...

Nov. 20.

New Goo...

THE Subscriber informs the pu... receiving a large stock of DRY ... description, which is offered to the ... duced prices; having been bought mos... York package sales, they will be sold ... Merchants from the country, will do ... examine them. Among the Goods ... black, olive, brown, bottle green ... Sattinets, Cassimeres, Cassimets, D... Cassimeres, Merino Cloths, imitation ... Brochelles, Lastings, Princettas, N... skins, Bangup Cords, French Drills ... Cotton, a great variety of fancy Pri... 4-4 and 6-4 Ginghams, 4-4 Parisse P... Muslins, Swiss Muslins, cross barr'd M... conet and Book Muslins, Swiss Cape ... lace Capes and Pelerines, 5-4, 4-4 ... and Sheetings, 4-4 Irish Linens, L... Cambrics, and Linen Cambric Hdk... rish Sheeting, 8-4 table Diaper, B... seilles and other Vestings, Palm ... merino square and long Shawls, ... stable Bonnets, Shoes, Carpetings ...

SILKS.

Gros-de Swiss, Italian Lustrings, ... Gros-de-Naples, blk. Sinchews and ... pink and green Florences, rich Velvet ... ture and belt Ribbons, fancy gau... and Scarfs, Nankin Crape Shawls ... rich fig'd Silks, Barege and Palme... Work Bags, ladies' Cravats, bandan... &c &c., together with many others ... ous to enumerate.

April 24, 1832.

REMOVAL.

Dr. James H. Bi...

HAS removed to the New Brick ... East side of Green-street direc... Store of Messrs. Jno Huske & Son... for sale on reasonable terms, for Cash ... credit, a General Assortment of

DRUGS and MEDIC...
Shop Furniture, Surgical ... ments,
Paints, Oils, and Dy...
Hatters' Materials,
Perfumery, &c.

October 15th, 1832.

Blanks for sale at the ...

...OL. XVII

INTED AND P...
By Edwa...
30 per ann... if paid durin... or $3 50 ...

ERTISEMEN...
are for the ... ing publicatio... ate the numbe... ill be continu... ngly.
rs to the Edit...

NEW...
received, Ta... Grey, &c.; C... censes of Spa... anly Buxton; ... Frankinstein ... America; Ver... by the author ... on Nat. Philo... er's Fam. Lib... d Statistics; S...
No. 1 to No... price of 37½ c... s' and Girls' L... Chalmer's W... Watson's &c... 's Apology; S... t; Washingto... us; Life of Li... or Report; Ab... rran and Grat... Blackall on L... ceived from Philadelphia, a good ... on Liver; H... ther of the best kind, which will ... ers; Wood an... ecute all orders in the neatest and ... Thompson on ... manner, at short notice. All kin... insworth's Di... done on reasonable terms. ... do; Boy's Bo...
Fayetteville, April 9. ... parts 1 and ...
... Irving's Ca...
... on the Soul;
... lical Primers; ...
... &c. For ...
25, 1833

...otice is ...

I have cons... iley my true ... on of all debts ... for the same ... settlement.

17, 1833.

Furth...

Subscriber h... Attorney in ... s of James Mc... to said James ... and settle th... ts and Notes ... ed in the han... collection.

18, 1833.

Sugar ...

RECEIVED BY ... Hhds. Porto R... 50 bags green ...

24.

hereby fore... two Notes, d... Administrato... One note ... 819, and one o... which notes ha... istrator, to Jes... lready, and am...

18, 1833.

A Serv...

...re, who may ... Apply to ...

24, 1833.

...st Receiv...

Barrels MA... 8 half barrel... 75 kegs Nail... By ...

25, 1833.

To...

10 understan... of good habi... ed, will bear o... have the cas... nettsville, S. C...

Tak...

...OREWARN a... ote dated abo... ollars and fifty ... determined ... the amount, ... audulent man...

24, 1833.

...lasses, ...

JUST REC... Bags Rio ... 20 hhds. ... 15 do. p... 2 do. c... 8 do. g...

350 sacks ... 300 do. L... 1000 bushel... 500 do. Al... 40 bags C... 8 barrels ... 50 kegs N... 5 tons S... Germa... 50 barrels ... No. 1, ... 10,000 lbs. g... above, toget... to enumerate, ... of Groceries ... the attention ... and examine ...

WILL...

ril 16, 1833.